=> fil reg FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:01:34 ON 24 JUN 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ${\tt ZIC/VINITI}$ data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 23 JUN 2004 HIGHEST RN 698346-19-9 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 23 JUN 2004 HIGHEST RN 698346-19-9

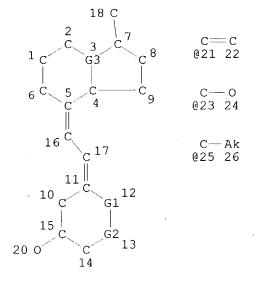
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=> d stat que 115 L9 (11876)SEA FILE=REGISTRY C5-C6/ES AND 46.150.1/RID L10 STR



VAR G1=C/21 VAR G2=C/23 VAR G3=C/25 NODE ATTRIBUTES: CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 18 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RSPEC I NUMBER OF NODES IS 25

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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
L11 ( 3422) SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L9 CSS FUL L10
L12
  Cb-G1
  1 2
   CH - CH = CH - CH = CH - C
   4 5 6 7 8
   Ме
  27
010
  CH-CH=CH-C \equiv C-C
   11 12 13 14 15
   Ме
   28
 017
CH-CH=CH-C
   18 19 20
  Ме
  29
 Ме
  30
VAR G1=3/10/17/22
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
NSPEC IS RC
                 AT
NSPEC
      IS RC
                 AT 15
NSPEC - IS RC
                 AT 20
NSPEC IS RC
                 AT 25
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS PCY AT 1
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 26
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
L13 ( 1202) SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L11 SSS FUL L12
L14
               STR
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O-Cy-Ak @38 39 40

VAR G1=5/8/10/12 VAR G2=H/OH/AK/14/17/20/23/26/28/30/33/35/CB/38 NODE ATTRIBUTES: CONNECT IS M2 RC AT 1 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM GGCAT IS PCY AT 1 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 46

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L15 245 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L13 CSS FUL L14

100.0% PROCESSED 1202 ITERATIONS

245 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

=> d stat que 118

L4 (11876) SEA FILE=REGISTRY C5-C6/ES AND 46.150.1/RID

L5 ST

VAR G1=C/21 VAR G2=C/23 VAR G3=C/25 NODE ATTRIBUTES: CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 18 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 25

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L6 (3422) SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L4 CSS FUL L5

L7 STR

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VAR G1=C/21
VAR G2=C/23
VAR G3=C/25
REP G4=(0-1) 21-18 22-29
REP G5=(0-7) 31
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
NSPEC IS RC AT 30
CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 30
CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 31
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 30

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L8

3051 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L6 CSS FUL L7

L16

STR

VAR G1=5/8/10/12 VAR G2=H/OH/AK/14/17/20/23/26/28/30/33/35/CB/38 NODE ATTRIBUTES: CONNECT IS M2 RC AT 47 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM GGCAT IS PCY AT 47 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 47

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L18 182 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L8 CSS FUL L16

100.0% PROCESSED 3051 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

182 ANSWERS

=> d stat que 121

L4 (11876) SEA FILE=REGISTRY C5-C6/ES AND 46.150.1/RID

L5 STR

VAR G1=C/21 VAR G2=C/23 VAR G3=C/25 NODE ATTRIBUTES: CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 18 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 25

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L6 (

3422) SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L4 CSS FUL L5

L7 STR

$$\begin{array}{c} 29 \\ 28 \\ 27 \\ \text{Me} \\ & \text{G4} \\ & \text{CH} \\ 18 \\ & \text{C} \\ &$$

VAR G1=C/21
VAR G2=C/23
VAR G3=C/25
REP G4=(0-1) 21-18 22-29
REP G5=(0-7) 31
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
NSPEC IS RC AT 30
CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 30
CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 31
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

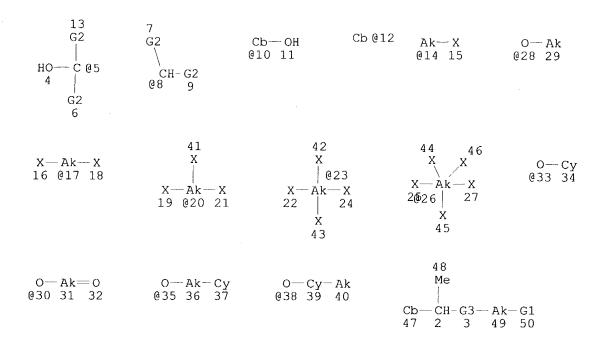
RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 30

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L8 L19 3051 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L6 CSS FUL L7

STR



CH=CH 051 052

VAR G1=5/8/10/12 VAR G2=H/OH/AK/14/17/20/23/26/28/30/33/35/CB/38 REP G3=(0-1) 51-2 52-49 NODE ATTRIBUTES: CONNECT IS M2 RC AT 47 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM GGCAT IS PCY AT 47 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 51

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L21 823 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L8 CSS FUL L19

100.0% PROCESSED 3051 ITERATIONS

051 ITERATIONS 823 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

=> d stat que 124

L4 (11876) SEA FILE=REGISTRY C5-C6/ES AND 46.150.1/RID

L5 STR

VAR G1=C/21 VAR G2=C/23 VAR G3=C/25 NODE ATTRIBUTES: CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 18 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 25

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L6 (

3422) SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L4 CSS FUL L5

L7

STR

VAR G1=C/21
VAR G2=C/23
VAR G3=C/25
REP G4=(0-1) 21-18 22-29
REP G5=(0-7) 31
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
NSPEC IS RC AT 30
CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 30
CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 31
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

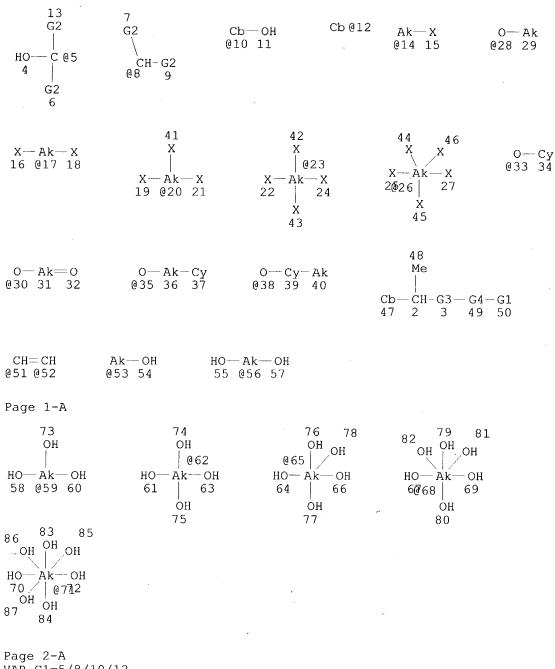
RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 30

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L8 3051 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L6 CSS FUL L7

L22 STR



Page 2-A
VAR G1=5/8/10/12
VAR G2=H/OH/AK/14/17/20/23/26/28/30/33/35/CB/38
REP G3=(0-1) 51-2 52-49
VAR G4=53/56/59/62/65/68/71
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS M2 RC AT 47
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS PCY AT 47
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

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GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 86
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
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100.0% PROCESSED 3051 ITERATIONS
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SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01
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               ACT HUY636FUL/A
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L1
          11876) SEA FILE=REGISTRY C5-C6/ES AND 46.150.1/RID
L2
                STR
L3
           3422 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L1 CSS FUL L2
               _____
                ACT HUY636FUL2/A
L4
          11876) SEA FILE=REGISTRY C5-C6/ES AND 46.150.1/RID
L5
L6 (
           3422) SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L4 CSS FUL L5
L7
                STR
^{18}
           3051 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L6 CSS FUL L7
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                ACT HUY636SUBA1/A
               _____
L9 (
          11876) SEA FILE=REGISTRY C5-C6/ES AND 46.150.1/RID
L10
L11 (
           3422) SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L9 CSS FUL L10
L12
                STR
L13 (
           1202) SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L11 SSS FUL L12
L14
                STR
L15
            245 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L13 CSS FUL L14
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L16
                STR L14
             7 S L16 CSS SAM SUB=L8
L17
L18
            182 S L16 CSS FUL SUB=L8
                SAVE TEMP HUY636SUBA2/A L18
L19
                STR L16
L20
            36 S L19 CSS SAM SUB=L8
            823 S L19 CSS FUL SUB=L8
L21
                SAVE TEMP L21 HUY636SUBA3/A
L22
                STR L19
            27 S L22 CSS SAM SUB=L8
L23
            708 S L22 CSS FUL SUB=L8
L24
                SAVE TEMP L24 HUY636SUBA4/A
L25
           1087 S L15 OR L18 OR L21 OR L24
L26
           100 S L25 AND NC>=2
```

L27

L28

987 S L25 NOT L26

19505 S L27

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:04:11 ON 24 JUN 2004

```
132 S L26
L30
            114 S L29 AND (PD<=19980213 OR PRD<=19980213 OR AD<=19980213)
L31
            112 S L29 AND (PD<=19970213 OR PRD<=19970213 OR AD<=19970213)
L32
          15127 S L28 AND (PD<=19970213 OR PRD<=19970213 OR AD<=19970213)
L33
          15190 S L31 OR L32
              2 S US20020136731/PN
L34
L35
              1 S L34 AND L33
L36
              1 S L34 NOT L35
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:16:14 ON 24 JUN 2004
                E POLYASPART/CN
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:16:15 ON 24 JUN 2004
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                E POLYASPART/CN
L37
              6 S 56-84-8 OR 1783-96-6 OR 617-45-8 OR 56-86-0 OR 6893-26-1 OR 6
L38
           1045 S (56-84-8 OR 1783-96-6 OR 617-45-8 OR 56-86-0 OR 6893-26-1 OR
L39
             12 S L38 AND 1/NC
                E POLYASPART/CN
L40
              1 S E7
                E POLYGLUTAM/CN
              2 S E11 OR E12
L41
             12 S L25 AND P/ELS
L42
                SELECT RN L42 1-2
              2 S E1-E2
L43
              0 S L25 AND L38
L44
              9 S 66376-36-1 OR 89987-06-4 OR 114084-78-5 OR 118072-93-8 OR 53-
L45
                E PHOSPHORIC ACID/CN
L46
              1 S E3
                E PHOSPHATE/CN
L47
              1 S E3
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:32:02 ON 24 JUN 2004
           1081 S L33 AND (L37 OR L39-L41 OR L45-47)
L48
              2 S L43
L49
L50
             26 S L33 AND ESTROGENS/CT (L) (ANTIESTROGEN? OR CONJUGATE?)
              7 S L33 AND TOXINS/CT (L) PERTUSSIS
L51
              3 S L33 AND BONE MORPHOGENETIC PROTEINS/CT
L52
             30 S L33 AND TRANSFORMING GROWTH FACTORS/CT
L53
                E OSTEONECTIN/CT
L54
              3 S L33 AND E3+NT
                E OSTEOPONTIN/CT
             13 S L33 AND E3+NT
L55
                E SIALOPROTEIN/CT
                E E4
                E E3+ALL
L56
             85 S L33 AND E1, E2+NT
             46 S L33 AND CHELAT?
L57
             22 S L48-L57 AND ?CONJUGA?
L58
                E MAZESS R/AU
             62 S E3-E6
L59
                E BISHOP C/AU
            150 S E3 OR E20 OR E31 OR E41 OR E42
L60
                E BONE CARE/PA, CS
L61
             34 S E5-E14
                SELECT RN L34 1-2
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:46:53 ON 24 JUN 2004

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:01:34 ON 24 JUN 2004

=> fil hcaplus FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:02:43 ON 24 JUN 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 24 Jun 2004 VOL 140 ISS 26 FILE LAST UPDATED: 23 Jun 2004 (20040623/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d all hitstr 168 1-23

L68 ANSWER 1 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2004:182524 HCAPLUS

DN 140:193859

ED Entered STN: 05 Mar 2004

- TI Method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin D analogs
- IN Mazess, Richard B.; Strugnell, Stephen A.; Knutson, Joyce C.
- PA Bone Care International, Inc., USA
- SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 15 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 127,005. CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-59

NCL 514167000

CC 2-7 (Mammalian Hormones)

FAN.CNT 20

21111 0111 20					
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 2004043971	A1	20040304	US 2003-385327	20030310 <
	US 5602116	A	19970211	US 1995-415488	19950403 <
	US 5707980	Α	19980113	US 1997-798958	19970211 <

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US 6376479
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     US 2002183288
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     US 1998-86969
                       A2
                             19980529
OS
     MARPAT 140:193859
     This invention relates to a method for treating or preventing
AB
     hyperthyroidism secondary to chronic kidney disease by administering a
     sufficient amount of an active vitamin D analog utilizing a variety of
     effective treatment protocols. Addnl., co-administration of bone
     resorption inhibitors can be used to further prevent against osteoporosis
     and other related bone mineral disorders.
ST
     hyperparathyroidism kidney failure vitamin D analogs bone resorption
     inhibitor
TT
     Mineral elements, biological studies
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (bone, loss reduction by agents co-administered with vitamin D analogs;
        method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active
        vitamin D analogs and bone loss inhibitors)
IT
     Kidney, disease
        (chronic, -associated hyperparathyroidism; method of treating and
        preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin D analogs and bone
        loss inhibitors)
ΙT
     Estrogens
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (conjugated, co-administered with vitamin D analogs; method
        of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin D
        analogs and bone loss inhibitors)
     Kidney
TΤ
        (glomerulus, filtration rate in relation to vitamin D treatment; method
        of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin D
        analogs and bone loss inhibitors)
IT
     Human
     Hyperparathyroidism
     Osteoporosis
        (method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active
        vitamin D analogs and bone loss inhibitors)
ΙT
        (minerals, loss reduction by agents co-administered with vitamin D analogs;
        method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active
        vitamin D analogs and bone loss inhibitors)
TΤ
     Toxins
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pertussis, co-administered with vitamin D analogs; method of
```

(resorption, inhibitors, agents co-administered with vitamin D analogs as; method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active

treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin D

analogs and bone loss inhibitors)

IT

vitamin D analogs and bone loss inhibitors)

IT Bone

(resorption, reduced by agents co-administered with vitamin D analogs; method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin D analogs and bone loss inhibitors)

IT Bone formation

(vitamin D analogs-enhanced; method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin D analogs and bone loss inhibitors)

IT 14265-44-2, Phosphate, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(binder, co-administered with vitamin D analog; method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin D analogs and bone loss inhibitors)

IT 9002-64-6, Parathyroid hormone

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (blood levels in relation to vitamin D treatment; method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin D analogs and bone loss inhibitors)

TT 7440-42-8, Boron, biological studies 7681-49-4, Sodium fluoride, biological studies 13408-78-1, Cobalamin

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(co-administered with vitamin D analogs; method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin D analogs and bone loss inhibitors)

IT 13598-36-2, Phosphonic acid

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(derivs., co-administered with vitamin D analogs; method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin D analogs and bone loss inhibitors)

IT 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (homeostasis, effect of vitamin D treatment on; method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin D analogs and bone loss inhibitors)

IT 1406-16-2D, Vitamin D, analogs 54573-75-0 124043-51-2
156316-85-7

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin D analogs and bone loss inhibitors)

IT 14265-44-2, Phosphate, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(binder, co-administered with vitamin D analog; method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin D analogs and bone loss inhibitors)

RN 14265-44-2 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphate (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 7440-42-8, Boron, biological studies 13408-78-1,

Cobalamin

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL

(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(co-administered with vitamin D analogs; method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin D analogs and bone

loss inhibitors)

RN 7440-42-8 HCAPLUS

CN Boron (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

В

RN 13408-78-1 HCAPLUS

CN Cobinamide, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), inner salt, 3'-ester with (5,6-dimethyl-1- α -D-ribofuranosyl-1H-benzimidazole- κ N3), ion(1+) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

IT 54573-75-0 124043-51-2 156316-85-7

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

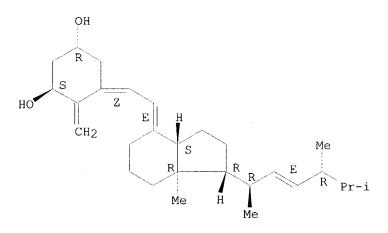
orogical study); USES (USES)
(method of treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active

vitamin D analogs and bone loss inhibitors)

RN 54573-75-0 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3-diol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5z,7E,22E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 124043-51-2 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, (1α,3β,5Z,7E,22E,24ξ)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 156316-85-7 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, (1α,3β,5Z,7E,22E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

```
L68
    ANSWER 2 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ΑN
     2003:532131
                  HCAPLUS
DN
     139:101329
ED
     Entered STN: 11 Jul 2003
ΤI
     Targeted therapeutic delivery of vitamin D compounds
    Mazess, Richard B.; Bishop, Charles W.
ΙN
    Bone Care International, Inc., USA
PA
     U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 28 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 402,636.
SO
     CODEN: USXXCO
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
     ICM A61K039-395
IC
     ICS A61K031-727; A61K031-66; A61K031-59
NCL
     424178100; 514102000; 514167000; 514054000; 514056000
     32-7 (Steroids)
     Section cross-reference(s): 29, 63
FAN.CNT 2
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PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
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     US 2003129194
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             MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ,
             TM, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN
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PRAI US 1997-38364P
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                            19970213
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     WO 1998-US2899
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                            19980213
    US 2000-402636
                       A2
                            20000426
GI
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AB The present invention is directed to a **conjugate** which includes at least one vitamin D moiety and at least one targeting mol. moiety to pharmaceutical compns. of the **conjugate**, and to methods for using the **conjugate** for target-specific delivery of vitamin D or analogs to tissues. When a particularly preferred form is administered to a patient, the targeting mol. component of the **conjugate** of this invention seeks out and binds to a tissue of interest, such as bone or tumor tissue, where the vitamin D has a therapeutic effect. One example compound prepared was I.

Ι

ST vitamin D phosphonate deriv prepn targeted delivery

IT Antitumor agents

Bone

Drug delivery systems

Human

(targeted therapeutic delivery of vitamin D compds.)

IT Vitamin D receptors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (targeted therapeutic delivery of vitamin D compds.)

IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (targeted therapeutic delivery of vitamin D compds.)

IT 107-30-2, Chloromethyl methyl ether 70550-73-1 211865-86-0

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         (targeted therapeutic delivery of vitamin D compds.)
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                                                    557072-52-3P
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     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
         (targeted therapeutic delivery of vitamin D compds.)
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     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent);
     USES (Uses)
         (targeted therapeutic delivery of vitamin D compds.)
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         (targeted therapeutic delivery of vitamin D compds.)
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     study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (targeted therapeutic delivery of vitamin D compds.)
IT
     1406-16-2D, Vitamin d, conjugates
                                          2809-21-4
                                                      10596-23-3
     32222-06-3, 1\alpha, 25-Dihydroxyvitamin D3
                                              40391-99-9
     41294-56-8, 1\alpha-Hydroxyvitamin D3 54573-75-0,
     1\alpha-Hydroxyvitamin D2 60133-18-8, 1\alpha, 25-
     Dihydroxyvitamin D2 66376-36-1, Alendronate 83805-11-2
     , Falecalcitriol 89987-06-4, Tiludronate 103909-75-7,
                    105462-24-6 112965-21-6, Calcipotriol
     Maxacalcitol
     114084-78-5, Ibandronate 118072-93-8, Zoledronate
     124043-51-2, 1α,24-Dihydroxyvitamin D2 131249-38-2
     , 1\alpha, 25-Dihydroxyvitamin D4 131918-61-1, Paricalcitol
     134404-52-7, Seocalcitol 157893-62-4,
     1\alpha, 24-Dihydroxyvitamin D4
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (targeted therapeutic delivery of vitamin D compds.)
     211865-89-3P 211865-90-6P 211865-93-9P
ΙT
     211866-08-9P 557072-53-4P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (targeted therapeutic delivery of vitamin D compds.)
     211865-89-3 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, 24-[[4,4-bis[bis(1-
     methylethoxy)phosphinyl]butyl]carbamate], (1\alpha, 3\beta, 5E, 7E, 22E)-
           (CA INDEX NAME)
     (9CI)
```

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 211865-90-6 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, 24-[(4,4-diphosphonobutyl)carbamate] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 211865-93-9 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3-diol, 24-(methoxymethoxy)-, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5E,7E,22E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 211866-08-9 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3-diol, 25-[(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy]-, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5z,7e)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 557072-53-4 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, 25-[[4,4-bis[bis(1-methylethoxy)phosphinyl]butyl]carbamate], $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

`OPr-i

IT 211865-91-7P 557072-54-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(targeted therapeutic delivery of vitamin D compds.)

RN 211865-91-7 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, 24-[(4,4diphosphonobutyl)carbamate], $(1\alpha, 3\beta, 5Z, 7E, 22E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 557072-54-5 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, 25-[(4,4-diphosphonobutyl)carbamate], $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

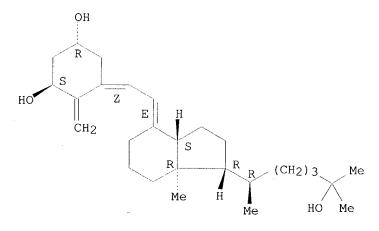
Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

-- PO3H2

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32222-06-3, 1\alpha, 25-Dihydroxyvitamin D3 41294-56-8,
     1\alpha-Hydroxyvitamin D3 54573-75-0, 1\alpha-Hydroxyvitamin
     D2 60133-18-8, 1\alpha, 25-Dihydroxyvitamin D2
     66376-36-1, Alendronate 83805-11-2, Falecalcitriol
     89987-06-4, Tiludronate 103909-75-7, Maxacalcitol
     112965-21-6, Calcipotriol 114084-78-5, Ibandronate
     118072-93-8, Zoledronate 124043-51-2,
     1\alpha, 24-Dihydroxyvitamin D2 131249-38-2,
     1\alpha, 25-Dihydroxyvitamin D4 131918-61-1, Paricalcitol
     134404-52-7, Seocalcitol 157893-62-4,
     1\alpha, 24-Dihydroxyvitamin D4
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (targeted therapeutic delivery of vitamin D compds.)
RN
     32222-06-3 HCAPLUS
     9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, (1\alpha, 3\beta, 5Z, 7E)-
CN
      (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.



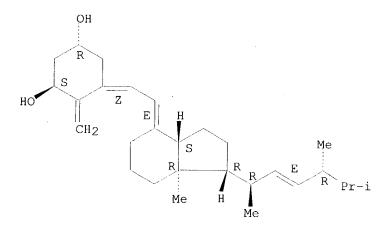
RN 41294-56-8 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3-diol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.

HO
$$\frac{Z}{Z}$$
 E H $\frac{R}{R}$ (CH2) 3 CHMe2

RN 54573-75-0 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3-diol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5z,7e,22e)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 66376-36-1 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonic acid, (4-amino-1-hydroxybutylidene)bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ | \\ \text{H}_2\text{O}_3\text{P} - \begin{array}{c} \text{C} - \text{(CH}_2\text{)}_3 - \text{NH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{PO}_3\text{H}_2 \end{array}$$

RN 83805-11-2 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, 26,26,26,27,27,27-hexafluoro-, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 89987-06-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonic acid, [[(4-chlorophenyl)thio]methylene]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 103909-75-7 HCAPLUS

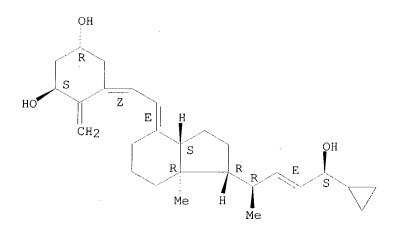
CN 1,3-Cyclohexanediol, 4-methylene-5-[(2E)-[(1S,3aS,7aS)-octahydro-1-[(1S)-1-(3-hydroxy-3-methylbutoxy)ethyl]-7a-methyl-4H-inden-4-ylidene]ethylidene]-, (1R,3S,5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 112965-21-6 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secochola-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, 24-cyclopropyl-, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E,22E,24S)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 114084-78-5 HCAPLUS

RN 118072-93-8 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonic acid, [1-hydroxy-2-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)ethylidene]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 124043-51-2 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5z,7E,22E,24\xi)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 131249-38-2 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

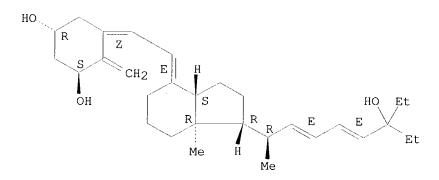
RN 131918-61-1 HCAPLUS CN 19-Nor-9,10-secoergosta-5,7,22-triene-1,3,25-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,7E,22E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 134404-52-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3-Cyclohexanediol, 5-[(2E)-[(1R,3aS,7aR)-1-[(1R,2E,4E)-6-ethyl-6-hydroxy-1-methyl-2,4-octadienyl]octahydro-7a-methyl-4H-inden-4-ylidene]ethylidene]-4-methylene-, (1R,3S,5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 157893-62-4 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,24-triol, (1α,3β,5Z,7E)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

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HO R Z E H HO Me N Pr-i
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ANSWER 3 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
T.68
ΑN
       2002:928238 HCAPLUS
       138:332
DN
ED
       Entered STN: 06 Dec 2002
TΙ
      Method for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with active vitamin
       D compounds
IN
      Mazess, Richard B.; Strugnell, Stephen A.; Knutson, Joyce C.
      Bone Care International, Inc., USA
U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 17 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,376,479.
PΑ
SO
      CODEN: USXXCO
DT
       Patent
LA
      English
IC
      ICM A61K031-59
NCL
      514167000
CC
      1-10 (Pharmacology)
      Section cross-reference(s): 2, 63
FAN.CNT 20
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                RU, TJ, TM
           RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC,
                NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ,
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PRAI US 1995-415488
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US 2002-127005
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MARPAT 138:332
This invention relates to a method for treating or preventing
hyperthyroidism associated with aging and/or with Aging-Related Vitamin D
Deficiency (ARVDD) syndrome by administering a sufficient amount of an
active vitamin D compound utilizing a variety of effective treatment
protocols. The invention further relates to treating or preventing one or
more of the following conditions, e.g., (1) primary vitamin D deficiency, (2) 1,25-(OH)2D3 deficiency, and (3) 1,25-(OH)2D3 resistance included
within the syndrome of ARVDD. Fourteen renal patients enrolled in a clin.
trial to study secondary hyperparathyroidism showed baseline intact
parathyroid hormone (iPTH) levels greater than 1000 pg/mL (range:
1015-4706 pg/mL). The initial dose of 1\alpha-(OH)D2 (10 \mug-3
times/wk) was increased (maximum, 20 \mu g-3 times/wk) or decreased as necessary to attain and maintain iPTH in the range of 150-300 pg/mL.
After 11-12 wk of treatment, the iPTH levels of all but two of the
patients had decreased to below 1000 pg/mL, and the iPTH levels in nine of
the patients had decreased to below 510 pg/mL.
vitamin D compd treatment hyperparathyroidism aging; aging related vitamin
D deficiency syndrome hyperparathyroidism prevention; parathyroid hormone
lowering hydroxyvitamin D2 hyperparathyroidism
Aging, animal
Drug delivery systems
Human
Hyperparathyroidism
Hyperthyroidism
Mammalia
Osteoporosis
   (active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
   hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
Disease, animal
   (aging-related vitamin D deficiency syndrome, hyperthyroidism associated
   with; active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
   hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
Mineral elements, biological studies
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
   (bone, coadministration of agent reducing loss of; active vitamin D
   compds. for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism associated with
   aging)
Bone
   (coadministration of agent reducing loss of; active vitamin D compds.
   for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
Estrogens
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
   (conjugated, coadministration of; active vitamin D compds.
   for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
Kidney, disease
   (end stage, secondary hyperparathyroidism treatment in relation to;
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active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing

```
hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
TΨ
     Drug delivery systems
         (injections, i.v.; active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
IT
         (minerals, coadministration of agent reducing loss of; active vitamin D
        compds. for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism associated with
        aging)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
         (mucosal; active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
         (nasal; active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (oral; active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
TΤ
     Drug delivery systems
        (parenterals; active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
IT
     Toxins
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pertussin; coadministration of; active vitamin D compds. for treating
        and preventing hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
ΙT
     Menopause
        (postmenopause; active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
ΙT
     Hyperparathyroidism
        (secondary, treatment of, in end stage renal disease; active vitamin D
        compds. for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism associated with
        aging)
ΙT
     Hyperparathyroidism
        (tertiary; active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
     Drug delivery systems
ΙT
        (transdermal; active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
     13598-36-2D, Phosphonic acid, alkylidenebis-derivs., compds.
ΙT
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (Bisphosphonate, coadministration of; active vitamin D compds. for
        treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
     9002-64-6, Parathyroid hormone
TΥ
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study,
     unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (active vitamin D compound for lowering blood serum levels of; active
        vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism
        associated with aging)
     41294-56-8, 1\alpha-(OH) D\bar{3} 57333-96-7,
ΙT
     1\alpha, 24 (R) -Dihydroxyvitamin D3
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
        (active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
                            7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies
ΙT
     1406-16-2, Vitamin D
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity);
     THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
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IT
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      60133-18-8, 1\alpha, 25-Dihydroxyvitamin D2 124043-51-2,
      1\alpha, 24-Dihydroxyvitamin D2 131249-38-2,
                                  133876-00-3D, 1\alpha-Hydroxyvitamin D,
      1\alpha, 25-Dihydroxyvitamin D4
      compds. 143032-85-3, 1\alpha-Hydroxyvitamin D4
      156316-85-7, 1\alpha, 24(S) - Dihydroxyvitamin D2
     157893-62-4, 1α,24-Dihydroxyvitamin D4 186489-58-7
     254448-88-9, 24-Hydroxyvitamin D4 457048-34-9
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
      (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
         hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
IT
     14265-44-2, Phosphate, biological studies
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
         (binder; active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
         hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
ΙT
     1406-16-2D, Vitamin D, compds. 7440-42-8, Boron, biological
                7681-49-4D, Sodium fluoride, compds. 9007-12-9,
     Calcitonin 13408-78-1, Cobalamin
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
      (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (coadministration of; active vitamin D compds. for treating and
         preventing hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
ΙT
     32222-06-3, 1,25-Dihydroxy vitamin D3
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study,
     unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
      (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (deficiency or resistance, aging-related vitamin D deficiency syndrome
         including; active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
ΙΤ
     62-54-4, Calcium acetate
                                471-34-1, Calcium carbonate, biological studies
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (phosphate binder; active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
TΤ
     41294-56-8, 1\alpha-(OH)D3 57333-96-7,
     1\alpha, 24(R) -Dihydroxyvitamin D3
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
         (active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)
RN
     41294-56-8 HCAPLUS
CN
     9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3-diol, (1\alpha, 3\beta, 5Z, 7E)-
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).
Double bond geometry as shown.
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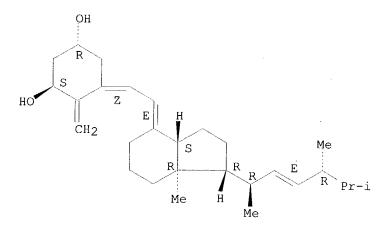
RN 57333-96-7 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,24-triol, (1α,3β,5Z,7E,24R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

IT **54573-75-0**, 1α -Hydroxyvitamin D2 **58050-56-9**, 24-Hydroxyvitamin D2 **60133-18-8**, 1α,25-Dihydroxyvitamin D2 124043-51-2, 1α,24-Dihydroxyvitamin D2 131249-38-2 , 1α , 25-Dihydroxyvitamin D4 143032-85-3, 1α -Hydroxyvitamin D4 **156316-85-7**, 1α , 24(S)-Dihydroxyvitamin D2 **157893-62-4**, 1α,24-Dihydroxyvitamin D4 186489-58-7 254448-88-9, 24-Hydroxyvitamin D4 457048-34-9 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism associated with aging) 54573-75-0 HCAPLUS RN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3-diol, $(1\alpha, 3\beta, 5Z, 7E, 22E) - (9CI)$ (CA INDEX NAME)

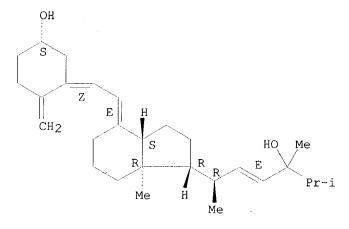
Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 58050-56-9 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-3,24-diol, $(3\beta,5z,7\epsilon,22\epsilon,24\xi)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

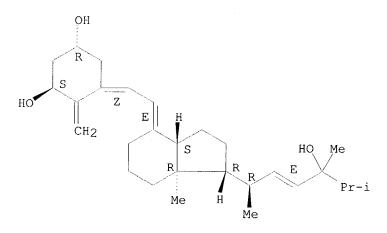


RN 60133-18-8 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,25-triol, (1α,3β,52,7E,22E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

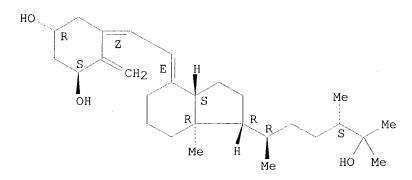
RN 124043-51-2 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5z,7e,22e,24\xi)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 131249-38-2 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

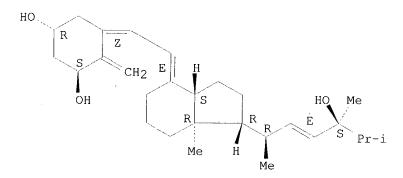


RN 143032-85-3 HCAPLUS 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3-diol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 156316-85-7 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5z,7E,22E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.



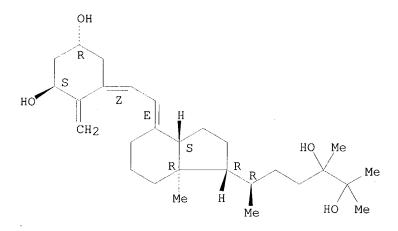
RN 157893-62-4 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,24-triol, (1α,3β,5Z,7E)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 186489-58-7 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,24,25-tetrol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E,24\xi)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

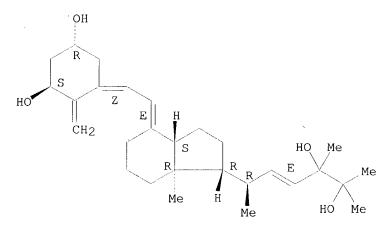


RN 254448-88-9 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-diene-3,24-diol, (3 β ,5Z,7E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 457048-34-9 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24,25-tetrol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E,22E,25\xi)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 14265-44-2 HCAPLUS CN Phosphate (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Huynh 09/402,636

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (coadministration of; active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)

7440-42-8 HCAPLUS RN

Boron (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

В

RN 9007-12-9 HCAPLUS Calcitonin (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN

13408-78-1 HCAPLUS Cobinamide, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), inner salt, 3'-ester with CN $(5,6-dimethyl-1-\alpha-D-ribofuranosyl-1H-benzimidazole-\kappa N3)$, ion(1+) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

IT 32222-06-3, 1,25-Dihydroxy vitamin D3

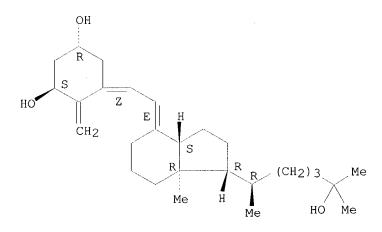
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(deficiency or resistance, aging-related vitamin D deficiency syndrome including; active vitamin D compds. for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism associated with aging)

RN 32222-06-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ -(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.



L68 ANSWER 4 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

2002:312011 HCAPLUS

ΑN

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DN
     136:289077
ED
     Entered STN: 25 Apr 2002
TI
     Method for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with
     1\alpha, 24(S)-(OH)2 vitamin D2
IN
     Knutson, Joyce C.; Bishop, Charles W.
PΑ
     Bone Care International, Inc., USA
SO
     U.S., 9 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6.242,434.
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
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LΆ
     English
IC
     ICM A61K031-595
     514167000
NCL
     1-10 (Pharmacology)
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OS
     MARPAT 136:289077
     A method for reducing or preventing elevated blood parathyroid hormone
AB
     level in a human suffering from primary hyperparathyroidism, secondary
     hyperparathyroidism, or hyperparathyroidism secondary to end stage renal
     disease by administering a sufficient amount of 1\alpha,24(S)-(OH)2 vitamin
     D2. The 1\alpha,24(S)-(OH)2 vitamin D2 can be coadministered with a
     calcium phosphate binder or with an agent that reduces loss of bone mass,
     or bone mineral content in patients. The safety and efficacy of
     1\alpha-hydroxyvitamin D2 for treating osteoporosis in postmenopausal
     women was also disclosed.
ST
     treatment hyperparathyroidism dihydroxyvitamin D2
IΤ
     Estrogens
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (conjugated; method for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism with 1\alpha, 24(S)-(OH)2 vitamin D2 in combination
        with a calcium phosphate binder or an agent that decreases bone loss)
     Bone, disease
IΤ
        (demineralization; method for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism with 1\alpha, 24(S) - (OH)2 vitamin D2 in combination
        with a calcium phosphate binder or an agent that decreases bone loss)
IT
     Aging, animal
        (elderly; method for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with
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Huynh 09/402,636

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1\alpha, 24(S)-(OH) 2 vitamin D2 in combination with a calcium phosphate
        binder or an agent that decreases bone loss)
TΤ
     Kidney, disease
        (failure, chronic, hyperparathyroidism secondary to end stage renal
        disease; method for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with
        1\alpha, 24(S)-(OH)2 vitamin D2)
ΙT
     Hyperparathyroidism
        (method for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with
        1\alpha, 24(S)-(OH)2 vitamin D2)
ΤТ
        (method for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with
        1\alpha,24(S)-(OH) 2 vitamin D2 in combination with a calcium phosphate
        binder or an agent that decreases bone loss)
ΙT
     Osteoporosis
        (method for treating osteoporosis in postmenopausal women using
        1\alpha-hydroxy vitamin D2)
ΙT
     Toxins
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pertussis; method for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism with 1\alpha,24(S)-(OH)2 vitamin D2 in combination
        with a calcium phosphate binder or an agent that decreases bone loss)
ΙT
        (postmenopause; method for treating osteoporosis in postmenopausal
        women using 1\alpha-hydroxy vitamin D2)
IT
     Hyperparathyroidism
        (primary; method for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with
        1\alpha, 24(S) - (OH) 2 vitamin D2)
ΙT
     Bone
        (resorption, inhibitors; method for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism with 1\alpha,24(S)-(OH)2 vitamin D2 in combination
        with a calcium phosphate binder or an agent that decreases bone loss)
IT
     Hyperparathyroidism
        (secondary; method for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with
        1\alpha,24(S)-(OH)2 vitamin D2)
ΤТ
     13598-36-2, Phosphonic acid
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (alkylidenebis-derivs.; method for treating and preventing
        hyperparathyroidism with 1\alpha,24(S)-(OH)2 vitamin D2 in combination
        with a calcium phosphate binder or an agent that decreases bone loss)
ΙT
     156316-85-7, 1\alpha, 24(S)-Dihydroxyvitamin D2
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (method for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with
        1\alpha,24(S)-(OH)2 vitamin D2)
     10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate
ΙT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (method for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with
        1\alpha, 24(S)-(OH)2 vitamin D2 in combination with a calcium phosphate
        binder or an agent that decreases bone loss)
     1406-16-2, Vitamin D 7440-42-8, Boron, biological studies
ΙT
     7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies
                                               7681-49-4, Sodium fluoride,
     biological studies 13408-78-1, Cobalamin
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (method for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with
        1\alpha,24(S)-(OH)2 vitamin D2 in combination with a calcium phosphate
        binder or an agent that decreases bone loss)
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ΙT
     54573-75-0, 1\alpha-Hydroxy vitamin D2
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (method for treating osteoporosis in postmenopausal women using
        1\alpha-hydroxy vitamin D2)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) Aloia, J; Amer J Med 1988, V84, P401 MEDLINE
(2) Anon; WO A9001321 1990
(3) Anon; EP 0503630 A1 1992 HCAPLUS
(4) Anon; WO 9205130 1992 HCAPLUS
(5) Anon; WO 9212165 1992 HCAPLUS
(6) Anon; EP 0562497 A1 1993 HCAPLUS
(7) Anon; WO A9314763 1993
(8) Anon; WO 9405630 1994 HCAPLUS
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(16) Deluca; US 4195027 A 1980 HCAPLUS
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(39) Nishii; US 5063221 A 1991 HCAPLUS
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(42) Shiraki, M; Endocrinol Japan 1985, V32, P305 MEDLINE
(43) Sjoden, G; J Nutr 1984, V114, P2043 MEDLINE
(44) Sjoden, G; Proc Soc Exp Biol Med 1985, V178, P432 MEDLINE
(45) Slatopolsky; US 4948789 A 1990 HCAPLUS
(46) Sorensen, O; Clin Endocrinol 1977, V7, P169S
IT
     156316-85-7, 1\alpha, 24(S)-Dihydroxyvitamin D2
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (method for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with
        1\alpha, 24(S) - (OH) 2 vitamin D2)
     156316-85-7 HCAPLUS
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RN

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5z,7E,22E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

IT 7440-42-8, Boron, biological studies 13408-78-1,

Cobalamin

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(method for treating and preventing hyperparathyroidism with $1\alpha,24(S)-(OH)2$ vitamin D2 in combination with a calcium phosphate binder or an agent that decreases bone loss)

RN 7440-42-8 HCAPLUS

CN Boron (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

В

RN 13408-78-1 HCAPLUS

CN Cobinamide, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), inner salt, 3'-ester with (5,6-dimethyl-1- α -D-ribofuranosyl-1H-benzimidazole- κ N3), ion(1+) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

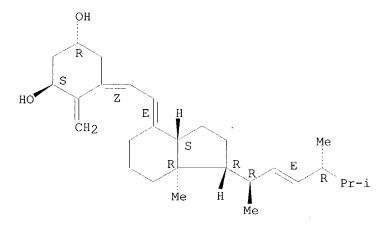
IT 54573-75-0, 1α -Hydroxy vitamin D2 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(method for treating osteoporosis in postmenopausal women using 1α -hydroxy vitamin D2)

RN 54573-75-0 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3-diol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5z,7e,22e)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.



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L68 ANSWER 5 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN 2001:408049 HCAPLUS

DN 135:19817

ED Entered STN: 06 Jun 2001

TI Synthesis and biological activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs

IN Bishop, Charles W.; Knutson, Joyce C.; Strugnell, Stephen

PA Bone Care International, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 19 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,869,473.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-59

NCL 514167000

CC 32-7 (Steroids)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 2

FAN.CNT 20 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ______ ____ _____ ______ -----US 1998-86969 PΙ В1 20010605 19980529 US 6242434 US 5869473 19990209 US 1997-907659 19970808 <---Α CA 2332146 CA 1999-2332146 19991202 AΑ 19990528 WO 9961398 WO 1999-US12084 Α2 19991202 19990528 WO 9961398 A3 20001123 AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, W: DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG A2 20010307 EP 1999-953332 19990528 EP 1080055

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EP 1080055
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OS
     MARPAT 135:19817
GΙ
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ST

AB 24-Hydroxyvitamin D compds. [I; dotted line = single or double bond; R2 = H, alkyl, fluoroalkyl; R3 = H, alkyl, fluoroalkyl, alkenyl; R4,R7 = alkyl, fluoroalkyl, alkenyl, fluoroalkenyl; R8 = A{(R9)x}(R10)y; A = C, O, S, N; x,y = 0, 1; R9,R10 = H, alkyl, fluoroalkyl, alkenyl, fluoroalkenyl; Z = H,Me or CH2], were prepared for their use in the treatment and prophylaxis of hyperparathyroidism and hyperproliferative diseases, and in the modulation of the immune and inflammatory responses as well as the treatment of bone depletive disorders. Thus, 24-hydroxyvitamin D derivative II was prepared via a multistep synthetic sequence starting from ergosterol. The prepared 24-hydroxyvitamin D compds. were tested for treatment of bone mass loss in postmenopausal osteoporotic women, psoriasis, prostate cancer and various conditions of hyperparathyroidism, hyperproliferative diseases and immunol. disorders.

hydroxyvitamin D analog prepn prophylaxis hyperparathyroidism; vitamin D

Huynh 09/402,636

hydroxy hyperproliferative disease immune inflammatory response; bone depletive disorder hydroxyvitamin D IT Prostate gland (adenocarcinoma, inhibitors; synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) IT Prostate gland (adenocarcinoma; synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) ΙT RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (conjugated; synthesis of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs and combination with other agents) Bone, disease TΤ (depletive; synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) Immunity ΙT (disorder; synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) ΙT Drug delivery systems (oral; synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) ΙT Osteoporosis (postmenopausal; synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) ΙT Hyperparathyroidism (primary; synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) ITAntitumor agents (prostate adenocarcinoma; synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) ΙT Hyperparathyroidism (secondary; synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) ΙT Anti-inflammatory agents Psoriasis (synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) ΙT (synthesis of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs as bone agents and combination with other agents) **120707-37-1P**, 24(S)-Hydroxyvitamin D2 ΙT RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) 342775-38-6 TΨ RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) 156316-85-7P TΤ RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) 57-87-4, Ergosterol 75-16-1, Methyl magnesium bromide anhydride 563-80-4, 3-Methylbutan-2-one 4233-33-4 108-24-7, Acetic TT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) 28421-57-0P **58050-56-9P** 144871-03-4P ΙT

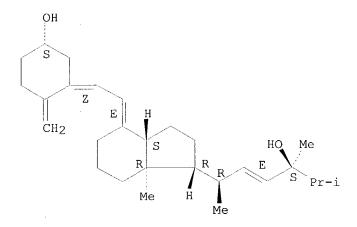
Huynh 09/402,636

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              THERE ARE 80 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
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- 120707-37-1P, 24(S)-Hydroxyvitamin D2 TT RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) RN 120707-37-1 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-3,24-diol, $(3\beta,5Z,7E,22E)$ -(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.



342775-38-6 IT

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

IT 156316-85-7P

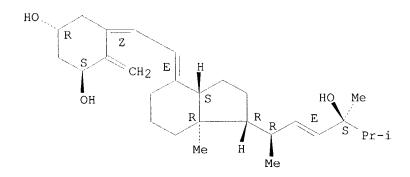
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CN

CN

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs) 156316-85-7 HCAPLUS 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, (1α,3β,5Z,7E,22E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 58050-56-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (synthesis and biol. activity of 24-hydroxyvitamin D and analogs)

RN 58050-56-9 HCAPLUS

9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-3,24-diol, (3β,5Z,7E,22E,24ξ)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

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ANSWER 6 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L68
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ΑN
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     130:163191
     Entered STN: 16 Feb 1999
ED
     Method using a vitamin D analog for treating and preventing
TI
     hyperparathyroidism
     Knutson, Joyce C.; Mazess, Richard B.; Bishop, Charles
IN
     W.
     Bone Care International, Inc., USA
PΑ
     U.S., 9 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 798,958.
SO
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DT
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NCL
     1-10 (Pharmacology)
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19970808

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A2 B2

US 1997-907659

US 1997-907660

Huynh 09/402,636

US 1998-86969 19980529 A2 US 2000-501093 A2 20000209 A method is provided for reducing or preventing elevated blood parathyroid AΒ hormone level in a human being suffering from hyperparathyroidism by administering a sufficient amount of 1α -OH vitamin D2, 1α -OH vitamin D4 or 1α , 24(R)-(OH)2 vitamin D4. vitamin D analog hyperparathyroidism treatment ST ΙT Estrogens RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (conjugated; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism, and combinations with agents reducing loss of bone mass or bone mineral content) ΤТ (demineralization; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism, and combinations with agents reducing loss of bone mass or bone mineral content) Kidney, disease ΙT (failure, chronic, with secondary hyperparathyroidism; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism) Drug delivery systems IT (injections, i.m.; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism) IT Drug delivery systems (injections, i.v.; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism) Drug delivery systems TΤ (injections, s.c.; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism) Drug delivery systems IT (mucosal; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism) Drug delivery systems ΙT (nasopharyngeal; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism) Drug delivery systems IT (oral; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism) IT Drug delivery systems (parenterals; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism) TΤ RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (pertussis; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism, and combinations with agents reducing loss of bone mass or bone mineral content) Osteoporosis ΙT (therapeutic agents; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism) TT Drug delivery systems (transdermal; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism) Hyperparathyroidism ITKidney, disease (vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism)

7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies

TΤ

- RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study) (hypercalcemia; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism)
- IT 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies
 - RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study) (hypercalciuria; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism)
- IT 7723-14-0, Phosphorus, biological studies
 - RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 - (serum; vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism)
- IT 1406-16-2D, Vitamin D, analogs **54573-75-0 143032-85-3 157893-62-4**
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- (vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism) T440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies 9002-64-6, Parathyroid hormone 32222-06-3, 1α , 25-Dihydroxyvitamin D3 60133-18-8,
 - $1\alpha, 25$ -Dihydroxyvitamin D2 66772-14-3, $1\alpha, 25$ -Dihydroxyvitamin
 - RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
- (vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism)
 IT 7440-42-8, Boron, biological studies 7681-49-4, Sodium fluoride,
 biological studies 13408-78-1, Cobalamin 13598-36-2D,

Phosphonic acid, bisphosphonates

- RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism, and combinations with agents reducing loss of bone mass or bone mineral content)
- RE.CNT 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE
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- IT 54573-75-0 143032-85-3 157893-62-4

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism)

RN 54573-75-0 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3-diol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E,22E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 143032-85-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3-diol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 157893-62-4 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,24-triol, (1α,3β,5Z,7E)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

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 1α , 25-Dihydroxyvitamin D2

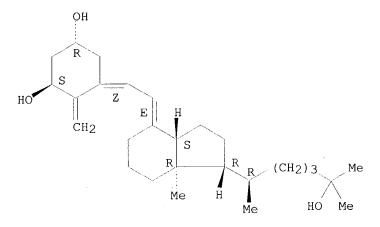
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(vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism)

RN 32222-06-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, (1α,3β,5Z,7E)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 60133-18-8 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,25-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E,22E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

IT 7440-42-8, Boron, biological studies 13408-78-1,

Cobalamin

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(vitamin D analogs for treatment and prevention of hyperparathyroidism, and combinations with agents reducing loss of bone mass or bone mineral content)

RN 7440-42-8 HCAPLUS

CN Boron (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

В

RN 13408-78-1 HCAPLUS

CN Cobinamide, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), inner salt, 3'-ester with $(5,6-dimethyl-1-\alpha-D-ribofuranosyl-1H-benzimidazole-\kappa N3)$, ion(1+) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

L68 ANSWER 7 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN 1998:568745 HCAPLUS

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ED
     Targeted therapeutic delivery of vitamin D compounds
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ΙN
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PA
     Bone Care International, Inc., USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 55 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
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     63-5 (Pharmaceuticals)
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AΒ
     The present invention is directed to a conjugate which includes
     at least one vitamin D moiety thereof and at least one targeting mol.
     moiety to pharmaceutical compns. of the conjugate, and to
     methods for using the conjugate for target-specific delivery of
     vitamin D or analogs thereof to tissues in need thereof. When a particularly preferred form is administered to a patient, the targeting
     mol. component of the conjugate of this invention seeks out and
     binds to a tissue of interest, such as bone or tumor tissue, where the
     vitamin D has a therapeutic effect. A conjugate of
     1α,24-dihydroxyvitamin D2 and aminoalkyl 1,1-bisphosphonate linked
     at C-24 of the vitamin D moiety was prepared
     drug targeting vitamin D2 bisphosphonate conjugate
ST
ΙT
     Estrogens
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        (antiestrogens; vitamin D2 conjugates for targeted delivery)
ΤТ
     Estrogens
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (conjugated; vitamin D2 conjugates for targeted
        delivery)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (enteric-coated; vitamin D2 conjugates for targeted delivery)
     Drug delivery systems
ΙT
        (oral; vitamin D2 conjugates for targeted delivery)
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IT
     Toxins
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pertussis; vitamin D2 conjugates for targeted delivery)
ΙT
     Bone, disease
        (treatment of; vitamin D2 conjugates for targeted delivery)
ΙT
     Antitumor agents
     Cytotoxic agents
     Drug targeting
        (vitamin D2 conjugates for targeted delivery)
ΙT
     Bone morphogenetic proteins
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (vitamin D2 conjugates for targeted delivery)
ΙT
     Transforming growth factors
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        (β-; vitamin D2 conjugates for targeted delivery)
ΙT
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                          107-30-2, Chloromethyl methyl ether
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                                                       81522-68-1 144034-23-1
     211865-86-0
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        (preparation of vitamin D2 analog-bisphosphonate conjugates for
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     211866-17-0P
                     211866-19-2P
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     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of vitamin D2 analog-bisphosphonate conjugates for
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     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of vitamin D2 analog-bisphosphonate conjugates for
        targeted delivery)
                                53-43-0, Dehydroepiandrosterone
ΙT
     51-21-8, 5-Fluorouracil
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     Methotrexate
                 1404-00-8, Mitomycin 7440-42-8, Boron, biological studies
     Melphalan
     9007-12-9, Calcitonin 13408-78-1, Cobalamin 15663-27-1, Cisplatin
     20830-81-3, Daunomycin 25316-40-9, Adriamycin 29069-24-7,
                      58957-92-9, Idarubicin 62899-40-5, Estromustine
     Prednimustine
     114949-22-3, Activin
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (vitamin D2 conjugates for targeted delivery)
RF. CNT
              THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
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(3) Londowski, J; J PHARMACOL EXP THER 1986, V237(3), P837 HCAPLUS
(4) Peterson, A; US 5691328 A 1997 HCAPLUS
     211865-89-3P 211865-90-6P 211865-93-9P
ΙT
     211866-08-9P 211866-21-6P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of vitamin D2 analog-bisphosphonate conjugates for
        targeted delivery)
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RN 211865-89-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, 24-[[4,4-bis[bis(1-methylethoxy)phosphinyl]butyl]carbamate], $(1\alpha,3\beta,5E,7E,22E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

— OPr−i

RN 211865-90-6 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, 24-[(4,4-diphosphonobutyl)carbamate] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

HO S E E H O H (CH2)
$$\overline{3}$$
 PO3H2

OH R R E S Pr-i

RN 211865-93-9 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3-diol, 24-(methoxymethoxy)-, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5E,7E,22E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 211866-08-9 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3-diol, 25-[(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy]-, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 211866-21-6 HCAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

OPr-i

IT 211865-91-7P 211866-22-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of vitamin D2 analog-bisphosphonate conjugates for targeted delivery)

RN 211865-91-7 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, 24-[(4,4-diphosphonobutyl)carbamate], $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E,22E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN211866-22-7 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, 25-[(2,2diphosphonoethyl)carbamate], $(1\alpha, 3\beta, 5Z, 7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

- ANSWER 8 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L68
- AN 1998:564197 HCAPLUS
- 129:170519 DN
- Entered STN: 04 Sep 1998 ED
- TIMethod of treating prostatic diseases using delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations
- IN Bishop, Charles W.; Knutson, Joyce C.; Valliere, Charles R.
- PA
- Bone Care International, Inc., USA U.S., 17 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,614,513. SO CODEN: USXXAM
- DTPatent
- English LA
- IC ICM A01N045-00
- 514170000 NCL

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1-6 (Pharmacology)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 63
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              GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
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                              19971210
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                        W
     A method of treating prostatic conditions such as prostate cancer and
AΒ
     hyperplasia involves administering 1\alpha-hydroxyprevitamin D or
     activated vitamin D or a combination thereof in a sustained-release form
     or a delayed and sustained-release formulation. Both the
     sustained-release form and the delayed, sustained-release form deliver
     increased active vitamin D blood levels without significant risk of
     hypercalcemia associated with other oral dosing of vitamin D forms, to
     provide the beneficial effect to the diseased prostate tissue. Patients
     with advanced androgen-independent prostate cancer were treated orally
     with 1\alpha, 24-dihydroxyprevitamin D2.
      prostate cancer treatment vitamin D formulation; hydroxyprevitamin D
ST
      sustained release prostate disease
IT
         (agent, as second agent; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D
         formulations for treating prostatic diseases)
ΙT
      Androgens
      RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (antiandrogens, as androgen control agent, as second agent; delayed
         and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic
         diseases)
ΙT
      Estrogens
      RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (antiestrogens, as androgen control agent and bone agent, as
```

second agent; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations

for treating prostatic diseases)

IT Estrogens

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (as androgen control agent, as second agent; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

IT Prostate gland

(benign hyperplasia; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems

(capsules, enteric-coated, sustained-release; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems

(capsules, sustained-release, enteric-coated; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

IT Estrogens

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (conjugated, as bone agent, as second agent; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

IT Androgens

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (control agent, as second agent; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

IT Antitumor agents

(delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

IT Prostate gland

(disease; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems

(enteric-coated; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

IT Prostate gland

(neoplasm, inhibitors; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems

Drug delivery systems

(oral, controlled-release; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems

Drug delivery systems

(oral, sustained release; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

IT Toxins

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (pertussis, as bone agent, as second agent; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

IT Vitamin D receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (previtamin binding affinity to; delayed and/or sustained-release

(previtamin binding affinity to; delayed and/or sustained revitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

IT Antitumor agents

(prostate gland; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

1406-16-2, Vitamin D ITRL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (active, matrix-bound; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases) 98319-26-7, Finasteride TΤ RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (as 5α -reductase inhibitor, as second agent; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases) TΤ 9034-40-6D, LHRH, analog RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (as androgen control agent, as second agent; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases) 7440-42-8, Boron, biological studies 7681-49-4, Sodium fluoride, ΙT biological studies 9007-12-9, Calcitonin 13408-78-1, 13598-36-2D, Phosphonic acid, alkylidenebis-derivs. RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (as bone agent, as second agent; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases) 51-21-8, 5-Fluorouracil 59-05-2, Methotrexate 127-07-1, Hydroxyurea ΙT 1404-00-8, Mitomycin 4891-15-0, Estramustine 148-82-3, Melphalan 20830-81-3, Daunomycin phosphate 15663-27-1, Cisplatin 25316-40-9, 58957-92-9, Idarubicin 29069-24-7, Prednimustine Adriamvcin RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (as second anticancer agent; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases) ΙT 124043-51-2, 1α , 24-Dihydroxyvitamin D2 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); FMU (Formation, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases) 131249-38-2, 1α,25-Dihydroxyvitamin D4 157893-62-4 ΤТ , 1α , 24-Dihydroxyvitamin D4 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases) 32222-06-3, 1α , 25-Dihydroxyvitamin D3 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); FMU (Formation, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases) 57102-09-7, 1α ,25-Dihydroxyprevitamin D3 179189-33-4, ΤТ 1α , 24-Dihydroxyprevitamin D2 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

182374-18-1

IT

(delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

- IT 54573-75-0, 1α -Hydroxyvitamin D2
 - RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); USES (Uses)
 - (delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)
- IT 127264-18-0, 1α -Hydroxyprevitamin D2
 - RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 - (delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)
- IT 1406-16-2D, Vitamin D, compds. 41294-56-8, 1α -
 - Hydroxyvitamin D3 41461-13-6, 1α -Hydroxyprevitamin D3
 - 60133-18-8, 1α , 25-Dihydroxyvitamin D2 60965-80-2,
 - 1α , 24-Dihydroxyvitamin D3 64419-01-8 125732-36-7,
 - 1α , 25-Dihydroxyprevitamin D2 **143032-85-3**,
 - 1α -Hydroxyvitamin D4 153210-43-6, 1α , 25-Dihydroxyprevitamin
 - D4 210040-94-1, 1α -Hydroxyprevitamin D4
 - RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)
- IT 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies
 - RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study) (hypercalcemia; active vitamin D serum levels not causing; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic dispasses)
- IT 64-17-5, Ethanol, biological studies 67-56-1, Methanol, biological studies 67-64-1, Acetone, biological studies
 - RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (in preparation of gelatin capsule matrix and enteric coating; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)
- IT 14807-96-6, Talc, biological studies 25086-15-1, Eudragit L100 95660-30-3, Eudragit S90
 - RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (in preparation of gelatin capsule matrix enteric coating; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)
- IT 57-11-4, Stearic acid, biological studies 33434-24-1, Eudragit RS100
 - RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (in preparation of gelatin capsule matrix; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)
- IT 9081-34-9, 5α -Reductase
- RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (inhibitor, as second agent; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)
- IT 77-89-4, Acetyl triethyl citrate
 - RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (plasticizer in preparation of gelatin capsule matrix enteric coating; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)
- IT 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies
 - RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (supplement, as bone agent, as second agent; delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)
- RE.CNT 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

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(11) Anon; WO 9209271 1992 HCAPLUS
(12) Anon; 1994 HCAPLUS
(13) Anon; 1994 HCAPLUS
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    VXCII, P54
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     7440-42-8, Boron, biological studies 9007-12-9,
     Calcitonin 13408-78-1, Cobalamin
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (as bone agent, as second agent; delayed and/or sustained-release
        vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)
     7440-42-8 HCAPLUS
RN
     Boron (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
В
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9007-12-9 HCAPLUS

Calcitonin (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN

CN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

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13408-78-1 HCAPLUS Cobinamide, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), inner salt, 3'-ester with CN(5,6-dimethyl-1- α -D-ribofuranosyl-1H-benzimidazole- κ N3), ion(1+) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

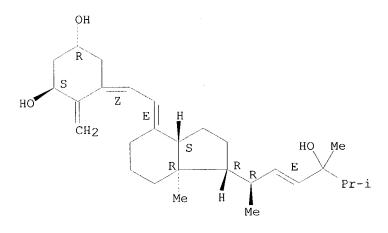
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RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); FMU (Formation, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

RN 124043-51-2 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, (1α,3β,5Z,7E,22E,24ξ)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 131249-38-2, 1α , 25-Dihydroxyvitamin D4 157893-62-4

, 1α , 24-Dihydroxyvitamin D4

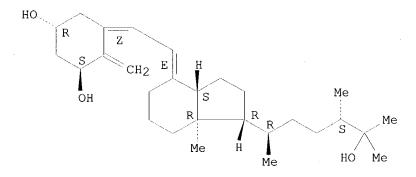
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(delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

RN 131249-38-2 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ -(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

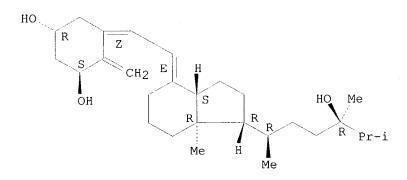
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 157893-62-4 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,24-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ -(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 32222-06-3, 1α , 25-Dihydroxyvitamin D3

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); FMU (Formation, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(delayed and/or sustained-release vitamin D formulations for treating prostatic diseases)

RN 32222-06-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, (1α,3β,5Σ,7Ε)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 60133-18-8 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,25-triol, (1α,3β,5Z,7E,22E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

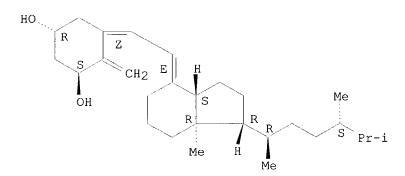
Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 60965-80-2 HCAPLUS 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,24-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 143032-85-3 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3-diol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



ANSWER 9 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L68 1998:197408 HCAPLUS ΑN 128:275086 DN Entered STN: 06 Apr 1998 ED Phospholipid drug derivatives TIChasalow, Fred I. IN Amur Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA; Chasalow, Fred I. PΑ PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp. SO CODEN: PIXXD2 DTPatent English LA ICM A61K038-00 ICS A61K031-70; A61K031-675; A61K031-335 IC CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals) Section cross-reference(s): 32 FAN.CNT 1 APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE 19980326 WO 1997-US17640 19970917 <--Α1 WO 9811906 PI

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             PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US,
             UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
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             GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
             GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
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                                                               19970917 <--
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     US 6127349
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                             19960917
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                             19970214
     US 1997-799171
                        Α1
                        W
                             19970917
     WO 1997-US17640
     Methods for increasing the bioavailability of pharmaceutical agents by
AΒ
     conjugation to phospholipidis are disclosed. Also disclosed are
     phospholipid-derivatized steroids, peptides, antibiotics and other biol.
     active agents and pharmaceutical formulations comprising these compds.
     E.g., a phosphocholine derivative of testosterone was prepared and bioactivity
     of this compound and other steroid derivs. were determined
     phosphocholine drug deriv bioavailability; steroid phosphocholine deriv
ST
     Drug bioavailability
ΙT
        (phospholipid drug derivs. with increased bioavailability)
IT
     Catecholamines, biological studies
     Leukotrienes
     Peptides, biological studies
     Phospholipids, biological studies
     Prostaglandins
     Solubilization
     Steroids, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (phospholipid drug derivs. with increased bioavailability)
                    179126-29-5P
                                    179126-32-0P
TΤ
     179126-28-4P
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological
     process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (phospholipid drug derivs. with increased bioavailability)
                                      53-42-9, Etiocholanolone 53-43-0
     50-28-2, Estradiol, reactions
IT
     , Dehydroepiandrosterone
                                58-22-0, Testosterone
                                                          107-73-3,
                       6609-64-9, 2-Chloro-1, 3, 2-dioxaphospholane 2-oxide
     Phosphocholine
     179126-31-9
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (phospholipid drug derivs. with increased bioavailability)
     205594-92-9P
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (phospholipid drug derivs. with increased bioavailability)
     50-14-6, Vitamin D2
                            50-78-2, Aspirin 51-43-4, Epinephrine
IT
     52-28-8, Codeine phosphate
                                   53-16-7, Estrone, biological studies
     66-28-4, Strophanthidine 67-97-0, Vitamin D3 69-72-7,
     Salicylic acid, biological studies 76-57-3, Codeine
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     Pentaerythritol tetranitrate 79-80-1, Vitamin A2 89-94-35-9, Styramate 103-90-2, Acetaminophen 119-13-1,
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                   143-62-4, Digitoxigenin 148-03-8, \beta-Tocopherol
     δ-Tocopherol
                                                           481-85-6, Menadiol
                               443-48-1, Metronidazole
     302-79-4, Retinoic acid
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525-66-6, Propranolol 555-30-6, Methyldopa 508-52-1, Ouabagenin 1672-46-4, Digoxigenin 6990-06-3, Fusidic acid 1406-18-4, Vitamin E 7683-59-2, Isoproterenol 11103-57-4, 7616-22-0, γ -Tocopherol 13258-72-5, Cephalosporin Pl 18323-44-9, Clindamycin 22232-71-9, Mazindol 22494-42-4, Diflunisal 29400-42-8, Helvolic acid **32222-06-3**, Calcitriol 58001-44-8 112192-04-8, Roxindole RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (phospholipid drug derivs. with increased bioavailability) THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT RE (1) Hostetler; US 5194654 A 1993 HCAPLUS (2) Hostetler; US 5411947 A 1995 HCAPLUS (3) Hostetler; US 5484809 A 1996 HCAPLUS (4) Pettit; US 5529989 A 1996 HCAPLUS 53-43-0, Dehydroepiandrosterone ITRL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (phospholipid drug derivs. with increased bioavailability) 53-43-0 HCAPLUS RN Androst-5-en-17-one, 3-hydroxy-, (3β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 67-97-0 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-trien-3-ol, $(3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 32222-06-3 HCAPLUS 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.

L68 ANSWER 10 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:748257 HCAPLUS

DN 128:57535

ED Entered STN: 28 Nov 1997

TI Comparison of the long-term effects of oral estriol with the effects of **conjugated** estrogen, 1α -hydroxyvitamin D3 and calcium lactate on vertebral bone loss in early menopausal women

AU Itoi, Hideo; Minakami, Hisanori; Sato, Ikuo

- CS Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Jichi Medical School, Tochigi, 329-04, Japan
- SO Maturitas (1997), 28(1), 11-17 CODEN: MATUDK; ISSN: 0378-5122
- PB Elsevier
- DT Journal
- LA English
- CC 2-4 (Mammalian Hormones)

Section cross-reference(s): 1

The long-term effects of oral estriol (E3) on bone mineral d. (BMD) at the AΒ lumbar spine and biochem. indexes of bone turnover were investigated in early menopausal women. Healthy early menopausal women were treated for 24 mo with 2.0 mg E3 plus 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate daily (E3 group), 0.625 mg of conjugated estrogen plus 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate daily (CE group), 1.0 μg 1α -hydroxyvitamin D3 daily (D3 group), or 1.8 g Ca lactate (containing 250 mg elemental Ca) daily (Ca group). The BMD at the 3rd lumbar vertebra was determined by quant. computed tomog., and serum levels of osteocalcin (OC) and total alkaline phosphatase (Alp), as well as urinary ratios of Ca-to-creatinine (Ca/Cr) and hydroxyproline-to-creatinine (Hyp/Cr), were evaluated every 6 mo. After 24 mo of treatment, the BMD had decreased significantly by 12% in the D3 group and 14% in the Ca group, but not in the E3 group or in the CE group (-0.9 \pm 3.2% from baseline). levels of Alp and OC decreased or remained unchanged in the E3 and CE groups, but increased in the D3 and Ca groups. The urinary Ca/Cr was decreased in the E3 and CE groups, but not in the D3 and Ca groups. The urinary Hyp/Cr decreased in the CE group, was unchanged in the E3 and D3 groups, and increased in the Ca group. Uterine bleeding occurred less frequently in the E3 than in the CE group. The bone-preserving effect of 2.0 mg oral E3 was comparable to that of 0.625 mg conjugated estrogen and was superior to that of 1.0 μg 1α -hydroxyvitamin D3 and 1.8 g Ca. The findings suggest that a reduction in bone turnover in the

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E3 group may have contributed to the preservation of bone.
     bone loss menopause estriol hydroxyvitamin D3; calcium lactate bone loss
ST
     menopause; estrogen replacement therapy bone loss menopause
ΙT
     Estrogens
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (conjugated; vertebral bone loss in early menopausal women
        prevention by)
ΙT
     Bone
     Menopause
        (estriol, conjugated estrogen, hydroxyvitamin D3 and calcium
        lactate prevention of vertebral bone loss in early menopausal women)
     Osteocalcins
TΨ
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (estriol, conjugated estrogen, hydroxyvitamin D3 and calcium
        lactate prevention of vertebral bone loss in early menopausal women in
        relation to serum)
     Spinal column
ΙT
        (vertebra; estriol, conjugated estrogen, hydroxyvitamin D3
        and calcium lactate prevention of vertebral bone loss in early
        menopausal women)
     Hormone replacement therapy
TΤ
        (vertebral bone loss in early menopausal women prevention by)
     51-35-4, Hydroxyproline 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies
TΤ
     9001-78-9
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (estriol, conjugated estrogen, hydroxyvitamin D3 and calcium
        lactate prevention of vertebral bone loss in early menopausal women in
        relation to serum)
IT
     50-27-1, Estriol
                        814-80-2, Calcium lactate 41294-56-8,
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     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (vertebral bone loss in early menopausal women prevention by)
     71-58-9, Medroxyprogesterone acetate
TT
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (vertebral bone loss in early menopausal women prevention by estrogen
        plus)
              THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
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(9) Genant, H; Ann Intern Med 1982, V97, P699 MEDLINE
(10) Genant, H; Orthop Clin North Am 1985, V16, P557 MEDLINE
(11) Hahn, R; Am J Obstet Gynecol 1989, V161, P1854 MEDLINE
(12) Heaney, R; J Lab Clin Med 1978, V92, P964 MEDLINE (13) Heuser, H; Arzneim Forsch 1973, V23, P558 MEDLINE
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- (17) Minaguchi, H; J Obstet Gynaecol Res 1996, V22, P259 MEDLINE (18) Nielsen, H; J Clin Endocrinol Metab 1990, V70, P1431 HCAPLUS
- (19) Nishibe, A; Nippon Ronen Igakkai Zasshi 1996, V33, P353 MEDLINE
- (20) Nozaki, M; Nippon Sanka Fujinka Gakkai Zasshi 1996, V48, P83 HCAPLUS
- (21) Orimo, H; Calcif Tissue Int 1994, V54, P370 MEDLINE
- (22) Pacifici, R; J Clin Endocrinol Metab 1987, V64, P209 MEDLINE (23) Pacifici, R; J Clin Endocrinol Metab 1990, V70, P705 MEDLINE
- (24) Raz, R; N Engl J Med 1993, V329, P753 MEDLINE
- (25) Reid, I; N Engl J Med 1993, V328, P460 HCAPLUS
- (26) Riis, B; Am J Med 1991, V91(Suppl 5B), P64s
- (27) Riis, B; Maturitas 1988, V10, P51 MEDLINE
- (28) Stepan, J; Bone 1987, V8, P279 MEDLINE
- (29) The Writing Group For The Pepi Trial; J Am Med Assoc 1996, V275, P370
- (30) Tzingounis, V; J Am Med Assoc 1978, V239, P1638 MEDLINE
- 41294-56-8, 1α -Hydroxyvitamin D3

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(vertebral bone loss in early menopausal women prevention by)

RN 41294-56-8 HCAPLUS

9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3-diol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ -CN (CA INDEX NAME) (9CI)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.

- ANSWER 11 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L68
- 1997:148845 HCAPLUS ΑN
- 126:154819 DN
- Entered STN: 07 Mar 1997 ED
- Calibrator for use in a soluble fibrin assay TΙ
- Dimitrijevic, Nikola; Dimitrijevic, Nada IN
- American Biogenetic Sciences, Inc., USA PA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 120 pp.
 - CODEN: PIXXD2
- Patent DT
- English LA
- ICM C12Q001-56 IC

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ICS G01N033-53
     9-10 (Biochemical Methods)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 14, 15
FAN.CNT 1
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
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                      A1 19961219
                                         WO 1996-US7891 19960429 <--
PΙ
     WO 9640986
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RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
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                     Al 19961230
PRAI US 1995-486420
                            19950607 <-
     WO 1996-US7891
                            19960429 <--
     The invention provides a method for the production of fibrin-specific
AΒ
     monoclonal antibodies using germ-free mice as well as an immunoassay and
     kit containing such monoclonal antibodies for the detection of soluble fibrin
     polymers in blood plasma for use in diagnosis and therapy. The invention
     also provides a calibrator for use in an in vitro soluble fibrin assay
     wherein the calibrator composition is lyophilized and comprises a known amount
of
     soluble crosslinked and soluble non-crosslinked DesAABB fibrin polymers, a
     stabilizing agent, and an aqueous buffer.
     sol fibrin detn lyophilized calibrator DesAABB; germ free mouse monoclonal
     antibody prodn; vascular disease diagnosis fibrin specific antibody;
     thrombosis diagnosis fibrin specific antibody; plasma sol fibrin detn
     ELISA calibrator; heart infarction diagnosis fibrin polymer detection
IT
     Fibrins
     RL: ANT (Analyte); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (II; monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized calibrator for soluble fibrin
        determination)
IT
        (germ-free mouse; monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized calibrator for
        soluble fibrin determination)
IT
        (germ-free; monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized calibrator for soluble
        fibrin determination)
     Heart, disease
TT
        (infarction; monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized calibrator for soluble
        fibrin determination)
ΙT
     Blood analysis
     Blood vessel, disease
     Hybridoma
     Mammal (Mammalia)
     Protein sequences
     Therapy
     Thrombosis
     Thrombus
     cDNA sequences
        (monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized calibrator for soluble fibrin
        determination)
     Carbohydrates, analysis
IT
     RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study)
        (monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized calibrator for soluble fibrin
        determination)
     Glycerides, biological studies
IT
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized calibrator for soluble fibrin
        determination)
```

ΙT

Antibodies

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); ANST

```
(Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
        (monoclonal; monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized calibrator for soluble
        fibrin determination)
ΙT
     Antibodies
     RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST
     (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (peroxidase conjugates; monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized
        calibrator for soluble fibrin determination)
     Alcohols, analysis
IT
     RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study)
        (polyhydric; monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized calibrator for soluble
        fibrin determination)
                  186779-53-3
ΤT
     186779-51-1
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (amino acid sequence; monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized calibrator
        for soluble fibrin determination)
     9003-99-0DP, Peroxidase, antibody conjugates
TΤ
     RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST
     (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized calibrator for soluble fibrin
        determination)
                                                       99-20-7, Trehalose
     57-50-1, Sucrose, analysis
                                  69-65-8, Mannitol
ΙT
     RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study)
        (monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized calibrator for soluble fibrin
        determination)
     50-99-7, D-Glucose, biological studies 56-40-6, Glycine, biological
TΤ
     studies 56-41-7, Alanine, biological studies 56-45-1, L-Serine, biological studies 56-86-0, Glutamic acid, biological studies
     56-87-1, Lysine, biological studies
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     61-90-5, Leucine, biological studies
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               63-91-2, Phenylalanine, biological studies
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     67-48-1, Choline chloride 67-97-0, Cholecalciferol 68-19-9,
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     Vitamin B12
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     Proline, biological studies 299-29-6, Ferrous gluconate 638-38-0,
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     biological studies
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     10031-62-6, Tin sulfate
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     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized calibrator for soluble fibrin
        determination)
     186779-50-0
                   186779-52-2
TΤ
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (nucleotide sequence; monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized calibrator
        for soluble fibrin determination)
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IT56-86-0, Glutamic acid, biological studies 67-97-0,

Cholecalciferol

RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (monoclonal antibodies and lyophilized calibrator for soluble fibrin determination)

56-86-0 HCAPLUS RN

L-Glutamic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

67-97-0 HCAPLUS RN

9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-trien-3-ol, $(3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

L68 ANSWER 12 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1997:128093 HCAPLUS ΑN

126:148535 DN

Entered STN: 26 Feb 1997 ED

Method for treating and preventing secondary hyperparathyroidism ΤI

Knutson, Joyce C.; Bishop, Charles W.; Mazess, Richard IN

Bone Care International, Inc., USA PA

U.S., 8 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5, 403, 831. SO

CODEN: USXXAM

Patent DT

English LA

ICM A61K031-59 IC

514167000 NCL

63-6 (Pharmaceuticals) CC

FAN.CNT 20

PATENT NO. KIND DATE ----

APPLICATION NO. DATE

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                             19970211
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                        A2
                             20020419
     A method for preventing loss of bone mass or bone mineral content in a
AB
     human being suffering from secondary hyperparathyroidism by administering
     a sufficient amount of 1\alpha-OH vitamin D2, 1\alpha, 24(S)-(OH)2 vitamin
     D2, 1\alpha-OH vitamin D4 or 1\alpha,24(R)-(OH)2 vitamin D4 was
     reported.
     vitamin D prevention therapy secondary hyperparathyroidism
ST
IT
     Estrogens
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (conjugated; vitamin D formulations for treating and
        preventing secondary hyperparathyroidism)
ΙT
     Toxins
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (pertussis; vitamin D formulations for treating and
```

```
preventing secondary hyperparathyroidism)
ΙT
     Hyperparathyroidism
        (secondary; vitamin D formulations for treating and preventing
        secondary hyperparathyroidism)
ΙT
     Osteoporosis
        (treatment of; vitamin D formulations for treating and preventing
        secondary hyperparathyroidism)
     Drug delivery systems
ΙT
     Kidney, disease
        (vitamin D formulations for treating and preventing secondary
        hyperparathyroidism)
     7440-42-8, Boron, biological studies 7440-70-2, Calcium,
TT
                         7681-49-4, Sodium fluoride, biological studies
     biological studies
     9007-12-9, Calcitonin 13408-78-1, Cobalamin
     36465-90-4D, Diphosphonic acid, derivs. 54573-75-0,
     1\alpha-Hydroxy vitamin d2 143032-85-3, 1\alpha-Hydroxy
     vitamin d4 156316-85-7 157893-62-4
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (vitamin D formulations for treating and preventing secondary
        hyperparathyroidism)
     7440-42-8, Boron, biological studies 9007-12-9,
IT
     Calcitonin 13408-78-1, Cobalamin 54573-75-0,
     1\alpha-Hydroxy vitamin d2 143032-85-3, 1\alpha-Hydroxy
     vitamin d4 156316-85-7 157893-62-4
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (vitamin D formulations for treating and preventing secondary
        hyperparathyroidism)
RN
     7440-42-8 HCAPLUS
     Boron (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
В
     9007-12-9 HCAPLUS
RN
     Calcitonin (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     13408-78-1 HCAPLUS
RN
     Cobinamide, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), inner salt, 3'-ester with
CN
     (5,6-dimethyl-1-\alpha-D-ribofuranosyl-1H-benzimidazole-\kappaN3),
     ion(1+) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

RN 54573-75-0 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7

9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3-diol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5z,7E,22E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 143032-85-3 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3-diol, (1α,3β,5Z,7E)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 156316-85-7 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E,22E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 157893-62-4 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,24-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

ANSWER 13 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L68 1996:710533 HCAPLUS ΑN 125:317372 DN Entered STN: 04 Dec 1996 ED Use of vitamin D2 or vitamin D4 derivatives for the treatment of secondary TΙ hyperparathyroidism Knutson, Joyce C.; Mazess, Richard B.; Bishop, Charles IN PΑ Bone Care International, Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp. SO CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent DTLA English ICM A61K031-59 IC1-10 (Pharmacology) CC Section cross-reference(s): 63 FAN.CNT 20 DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE ·----WO 1996-US4553 19960403 <--WO 9631215 A1 19961010 PΙ W: AU, BR, CA, CN, FI, HU, JP, KR, MX, NO, NZ, PL, SG RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

US 1995-415488

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Α

US 5602116

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                                            NO 1997-4480
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                            19971002
                                            FI 1997-3868
                                                             19971002 <---
                       Α
PRAI US 1995-415488
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                       Α
     US 1988-227371
                       В1
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     US 1990-569412
                       Α1
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     US 1992-812056
                       В1
                       Α2
                            19930910 <--
     US 1993-119895
                       W
                            19960403 <---
     WO 1996-US4553
     A method for preventing loss of bone mass or bone mineral content in a
AΒ
     human being suffering from secondary hyperparathyroidism comprises
     administering a sufficient amount of 1\alpha-OH vitamin D2,
     1\alpha,24(S)-(OH)2 vitamin D2, 1\alpha-OH vitamin D4, or
     1\alpha, 24(R)-(OH)2 vitamin D4. Treatment of patients undergoing chronic
     hemodialysis with two consecutive 12 wk courses of therapy with 4
     \mu g/day 1\alpha-OH vitamin D2 decreased the serum parathyroid hormone
     level to 50% of the pretreatment level.
     vitamin deriv secondary hyperparathyroidism treatment
ST
ΙT
     Hyperparathyroidism
     Kidney, disease
        (use of vitamin D2 or vitamin D4 derivs. for treatment of secondary
        hyperparathyroidism)
IT
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
        (capsules, use of vitamin D2 or vitamin D4 derivs. for treatment of
        secondary hyperparathyroidism)
IT
     Estrogens
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (conjugates, use of vitamin D2 or vitamin D4 derivs. for
        treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism)
IT
     Bone, disease
        (demineralization, use of vitamin D2 or vitamin D4 derivs. for
        treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism)
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
ΙT
        (injections, i.m., use of vitamin D2 or vitamin D4 derivs. for
        treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism)
ΙT
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
        (injections, i.v., use of vitamin D2 or vitamin D4 derivs. for
        treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism)
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
ΙT
        (injections, s.c., use of vitamin D2 or vitamin D4 derivs. for
        treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism)
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
IT
        (parenterals, use of vitamin D2 or vitamin D4 derivs. for treatment of
        secondary hyperparathyroidism)
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
IT
        (transdermal, use of vitamin D2 or vitamin D4 derivs. for treatment of
        secondary hyperparathyroidism)
     59299-62-6, Pertussin
ΙT
```

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(toxins; use of vitamin D2 or vitamin D4 derivs. for treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism)

TT 50-14-6, Vitamin D2 7440-42-8, Boron, biological studies 7681-49-4, Sodium fluoride, biological studies 13408-78-1,

Cobalamin 13598-36-2D, Phosphonic acid, alkylidenebis- derivs.

54573-75-0, 1α-Hydroxy vitamin D2 143032-85-3,

1α-Hydroxy vitamin D4 156316-85-7 157893-62-4

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(use of vitamin D2 or vitamin D4 derivs. for treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism)

1406-16-2, Vitamin D 9002-64-6, Parathyroid hormone

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (use of vitamin D2 or vitamin D4 derivs. for treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism)

TT 50-14-6, Vitamin D2 7440-42-8, Boron, biological studies 13408-78-1, Cobalamin 54573-75-0, 1α-Hydroxy vitamin D2 143032-85-3, 1α-Hydroxy vitamin D4

156316-85-7 157893-62-4

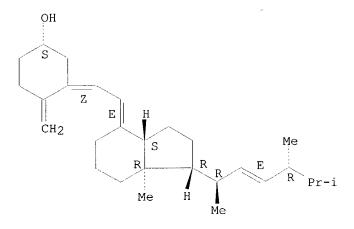
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

RN 50-14-6 HCAPLUS

ΙT

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraen-3-ol, (3β,5Z,7E,22E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 7440-42-8 HCAPLUS

CN Boron (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

В

RN 13408-78-1 HCAPLUS Cobinamide, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), inner salt, 3'-ester with (5,6-dimethyl-1- α -D-ribofuranosyl-1H-benzimidazole- κ N3), ion(1+) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

RN 54573-75-0 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3-diol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5z,7e,22e)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 143032-85-3 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3-diol, (1α,3β,5Z,7E)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 156316-85-7 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3,24-triol, (1α,3β,52,7E,22E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 157893-62-4 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,24-triol, (1α,3β,5Z,7E)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

L68 ANSWER 14 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

```
1996:599767 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     125:293365
ED
     Entered STN: 09 Oct 1996
     Differential effects of dietary calcium augmentation and hormone
     replacement therapy on bone turnover and serum levels of calciotropic
     hormones
ΑU
     Aloia, J. F.; Vaswani, A.; Yeh, J. K.; Russo, L.
CS
     Department Medicine, Winthrop-University Hospital, Mineola, NY, 11501, USA
SO
     Osteoporosis International (1996), 6(1), 55-62
     CODEN: OSINEP; ISSN: 0937-941X
PΒ
     Springer
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
CC
     2-4 (Mammalian Hormones)
AΒ
     The mechanism of action of retardation of postmenopausal bone loss may be
     different for dietary calcium augmentation and hormonal replacement
     therapy (HRT). We performed a three-arm, placebo-controlled, randomized
     clin. trial comparing an intake of calcium of 1700 mg with: (1) calcium
     augmentation with HRT and (2) placebo. One hundred and eighteen women
     entered the study; 17 patients dropped out of the study. The vast
     majority of women were less than 2 yr postmenopause. Bone mineral d.
     declined significantly in the placebo group. The previously reported
     rates of change in the HRT group were significantly pos. for total body
     calcium and the trochanter and not significantly different from zero for
     the others. The rate of change in the calcium augmentation group was
     intermediate between that in the two other groups, and achieved
     statistical significance compared with placebo for the total body calcium
    measurement and for the neck of the femur. Measurements were made prior
     to treatment and at the end of the study (2.9 yr) for parameters of bone
     turnover and the calciotropic hormones, to examine whether the mechanism
     of action was different for calcium augmentation vs. hormonal therapy.
    There were no changes in the placebo group. The calcium augmentation
     group had a significant increase in 24-h urinary calcium and declining
     values for urinary collagen cross-links (pyridinium and deoxypyridinium),
    urinary hydroxyproline and calcitriol. The group treated with HRT and
     dietary calcium augmentation also had an increase in urinary calcium and a
     decline in collagen cross-links and urinary hydroxyproline and skeletal
     alkaline phosphatase; sérum calcitriol did not change. The HRT group also
     displayed a drop in serum osteocalcin, and an increase in nephrogenous
     cAMP. Serum parathyroid hormone remained unchanged in all groups.
    Dietary calcium augmentation retards postmenopausal bone loss by
    decreasing resorption. The addition of HRT results in a more marked decline
     in bone resorption parameters and a suppression of parameters of bone
     formation. Whereas calcium augmentation suppressed calcitriol levels, the
     addition of HRT resulted in maintenance of calcitriol levels, possibly
     through enhancement of the renal effects of parathyroid hormone, although
     other mechanisms are possible.
ST
    calcium hormone replacement bone turnover menopause
ΤТ
    Blood serum
    Bone
     Kidney
     Resorption
        (dietary calcium augmentation and hormone replacement therapy
```

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL

differential effects on bone turnover and calciotropic hormone serum

levels in postmenopausal women)

Collagens, biological studies

Osteocalcins

ΙT

(Biological study); PROC (Process)
(dietary calcium augmentation and hormone replacement therapy
differential effects on bone turnover and calciotropic hormone serum
levels in postmenopausal women)

IT Estrogens

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (conjugates, dietary calcium augmentation and hormone replacement therapy differential effects on bone turnover and calciotropic hormone serum levels in postmenopausal women)

IT Bone, disease

(demineralization, dietary calcium augmentation and hormone replacement therapy differential effects on bone turnover and calciotropic hormone serum levels in postmenopausal women)

IT Menopause

(post-, dietary calcium augmentation and hormone replacement therapy differential effects on bone turnover and calciotropic hormone serum levels in postmenopausal women)

IT 51-35-4, Hydroxyproline 60-92-4, CAMP 9001-78-9 9002-64-6,
 Parathormone 32222-06-3, Calcitriol

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(dietary calcium augmentation and hormone replacement therapy differential effects on bone turnover and calciotropic hormone serum levels in postmenopausal women)

IT 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies

RL: FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(dietary calcium augmentation and hormone replacement therapy differential effects on bone turnover and calciotropic hormone serum levels in postmenopausal women)

IT 520-85-4, Medroxyprogesterone

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (dietary calcium augmentation and hormone replacement therapy differential effects on bone turnover and calciotropic hormone serum levels in postmenopausal women)

IT 32222-06-3, Calcitriol

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(dietary calcium augmentation and hormone replacement therapy differential effects on bone turnover and calciotropic hormone serum levels in postmenopausal women)

RN 32222-06-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ -(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.

L68 ANSWER 15 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1996:165084 HCAPLUS

DN 124:277873

ED Entered STN: 21 Mar 1996

TI Glucuronidation of amines and hydroxylated xenobiotics and endobiotics catalyzed by expressed human UGT1.4 protein

AU Green, Mitchell D.; Tephly, Thomas R.

CS Dep. Pharmacol., Univ. Iowa, IA, USA

SO Drug Metabolism and Disposition (1996), 24(3), 356-63 CODEN: DMDSAI; ISSN: 0090-9556

PB Williams & Wilkins

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ

CC 1-2 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 2, 4, 13

Glucuronide conjugate of tertiary amine xenobiotics represents a unique and important metabolic pathway for these compds. in humans. In this study, the authors show that human UDP-glucuronosyltransferase 1.4 protein, stably expressed in human embryonic kidney 293 cells, catalyzes the N-glucuronidation of primary, secondary and tertiary amine substrates. In addition, the substrate specificity of the expressed enzyme toward many hydroxylated and carboxylic acid-containing compds. was examined Of the hydroxylated compds. tested, only sapogenins gave glucuronidation rates comparable with those observed for amine substrates. The apparent KM and Vmax values for sapogenins were such that the efficiency of glucuronidation (Vmax/KM) for these compds. was higher than that determined for amine substrates. Human UDP-glucuronosyltransferase 1.4 also catalyzes the glucuronidation of monoterpenoid alcs. and simple phenolic compds. The enzyme kinetic values determined for these substrates suggested that this enzyme may have relatively limited significance for the conjugation of these classes of compds. Of the endobiotics tested, androstanediol and progestins were glucuronidated at high rates by expressed human UDP-glucuronosyltransferase 1.4 protein. glucuronidation efficiency for 5α -pregnane- 3β , 20α -diol was comparable with that determined for the sapogenins. UDP-glucuronosyltransferases are integral membrane proteins, the effects of different detergents on the catalytic activity of the expressed enzyme were determined The results show that detergents (such as Lubrol PX, Emulgen 911, and Triton X-100) are inhibitory for the quaternary ammonium-linked glucuronidation of chlorpromazine and imipramine catalyzed by expressed

ST

IT

ΙT

TΤ

ΤТ

ΙT

IT

human UDP-glucuronosyltransferase 1.4. In contrast, CHAPS and nonanoyl-N-methylglucamide are less inhibitory toward the glucuronidation of these compds. The results suggest that human UDPglucuronosyltransferase 1.4 may be an important enzyme for the detoxication of environmentally derived amines and sapogenins and for the conjugation of progestins. glucuronidation amine hydroxylated xenobiotic endobiotic; UDP glucuronosyltransferase substrate amine xenobiotic endobiotic Detergents Drug biotransformation Kinetics, enzymic Michaelis constant Xenobiotics (glucuronidation of amines and hydroxylated xenobiotics and endobiotics catalyzed by expressed human UDP-glucuronosyltransferase 1.4 protein and its response to detergents) Amines, biological studies RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (glucuronidation of amines and hydroxylated xenobiotics and endobiotics catalyzed by expressed human UDP-glucuronosyltransferase 1.4 protein and its response to detergents) Glycosidation (glucuronidation, glucuronidation of amines and hydroxylated xenobiotics and endobiotics catalyzed by expressed human UDP-glucuronosyltransferase 1.4 protein and its response to detergents) 9030-08-4, UDP-glucuronosyltransferase RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (1.4 protein; glucuronidation of amines and hydroxylated xenobiotics and endobiotics catalyzed by expressed human UDPglucuronosyltransferase 1.4 protein and its response to detergents) 9002-93-1, Triton X-100 9002-92-0, Brij 35 9016-45-9, Emulgen 911 75621-03-3, 3-[(3-Cholamidopropyl)dimethylammonio]-1-52434-01-2, Lubrol 85261-19-4, Nonanoyl-N-methylglucamide propanesulfonate RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (glucuronidation of amines and hydroxylated xenobiotics and endobiotics catalyzed by expressed human UDP-glucuronosyltransferase 1.4 protein and its response to detergents) 50-27-1, Estriol **50-14-6**, Vitamin D2 50-22-6, Corticosterone 50-48-6, Amitriptyline 50-49-7, Imipramine 50-47-5, Desipramine 50-67-9, 5-HT, biological studies 51-48-9, t4, biological studies 51-61-6, Dopamine, biological studies 53-05-4, Tetrahydrocortisone 53-16-7, Estrone, biological studies 53-41-8, Androsterone Etiocholanolone 53-43-0, Dehydroepiandrosterone 56-75-7, 57-27-2, Morphine, biological studies Chloramphenicol 57-63-6, 17α -Ethynyl estradiol 57-91-0, Meperidine 58-22-0, Testosterone 58-73-1, Diphenhydramine 17α-Estradiol 62-53-3, Benzenamine, biological studies 62-67-9, Nalorphine 63-01-4, 16α -Hydroxytestosterone **67-97-0**, Vitamin D3 68-26-8, all-trans-Retinol 68-96-2, 17α -Hydroxyprogesterone 69-23-8, Fluphenazine 72-14-0, Sulfathiazole 72-48-0, Alizarin 72-69-5, Nortriptyline 76-42-6, Oxycodone 76-57-3, Codeine 78-70-6, (±)-Linalool 80-08-0 80-92-2 81-61-8, Tigogenin 84-60-6, Anthraflavic acid 81-64-1, Quinizarin Quinalizarin Pheniramine 89-83-8, Thymol 90-15-3, 1-Naphthalenol 4-Methylumbelliferone 90-41-5, 2-Aminobiphenyl 90-43 90-33-5,

92-67-1

2-Hydroxybiphenyl 91-85-0, Thonzylamine

90-43-7,

92-61-5, Scopoletin

```
92-69-3, [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4-ol
4-Aminobiphenyl
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92-88-6, [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diol 93-35-6, Umbelliferone 2-Aminophenol 97-53-0, Eugenol 98-55-5, α-Terpineol 100
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                    103-90-2, Acetaminophen 117-39-5, Quercetin
biological studies
117-89-5, Trifluoperazine 121-69-7, N.N-Dimethyl aniline, biological
          122-11-2, Sulfadimethoxine 122-39-4, Diphenylamine, biological
studies
         123-30-8
                    124-76-5, (±)-Isoborneol 135-19-3, 2-Naphthol,
studies
biological studies 143-62-4, Digitoxigenin 143-74-8, Phenol red
                        146-54-3, Triflupromazine 153-78-6,
145-13-1, Pregnenolone
2-Aminofluorene 154-23-4, (+)-Catechin 302-79-4, all-trans-Retinoic
       305-01-1, Esculetin
                             331-39-5, Caffeic acid 362-05-0,
                      362-06-1, 2-Hydroxyestrone 464-45-9, (-)-Borneol
2-Hydroxyestradiol
                     467-55-0, Hecogenin 480-40-0, Chrysin 480-41-1,
465-65-6, Naloxone
Naringenin
             481-29-8, Epiandrosterone 481-30-1, Epitestosterone
497-36-9, endo-Norborneol 497-37-0, (\pm)-exo-Norborneol
Carvacrol
            512-04-9, Diosgenin 516-53-0 518-82-1, Emodin 520-36-5,
Apigenin
           520-88-7, 16\alpha-Hydroxypregnenolone 521-18-6,
Dihydrotestosterone 528-48-3, Fisetin 547-81-9, 16-Epi estriol
                      562-10-7 562-74-3, Terpinen-4-ol
548-83-4, Galangin
                                                             566-58-5
                                571-20-0, 5\alpha-Androstane-
566-76-7, 16α-Hydroxyestrone
              580-51-8, 3-Hydroxybiphenyl
                                             635-65-4, Bilirubin,
3\beta, 17\beta-diol
                      793-89-5, 16,17-Epi estriol 920-66-1 1076-38-6,
biological studies
4-Hydroxycoumarin
                     1135-24-6, Ferulic acid 1158-94-7
                                                            1164-98-3,
21-Hydroxypregnenolone 1228-72-4, 17-Epi estriol
                                                      1229-24-9,
6α-Hydroxyestradiol 1232-80-0, 2-Hydroxyestriol
                                                      1851-23-6,
                            1852-53-5,
5\beta-Androstane-3\alpha, 17\beta-diol
5\alpha-Androstane-3\alpha, 17\beta-diol
                             1977-10-2, Loxapine
                             2102-59-2 2216-51-5, (-)-Menthol
2217-02-9, (1R)-Endo Fenchyl alcohol
2052-63-3, 13-cis Retinol
2216-52-6, (+)-Neomenthol
            2784-27-2, 5-(p-Hydroxyphenyl)-5-phenylhydantoin 3131-23-5,
2321-07-5
                    3313-26-6, cis-Thiothixene
                                                 5976-61-4,
4-Hydroxyestrone
4-Hydroxyestradiol
                      6104-71-8, Desmethyl clozapine
                                                        6665-86-7,
7-Hydroxyflavone
                    6893-02-3, T3
                                    7291-49-8, 6\alpha-Hydroxyestriol
                        13721-01-2D, hydroxy analogs
10236-47-2, Naringin
                                                       14167-50-1,
                                    15356-60-2,
5\beta-Androstane-3\alpha, 16\alpha-diol-17-one
              15687-27-1, Ibuprofen
                                       16590-41-3, Naltrexone
                                                                  20685-55-6,
(+)-Menthol
5\beta-Androstane-3\alpha, 11\beta, 17\beta-triol
                                 22204-53-1
                          23283-97-8, (+)-Isomenthol
                                                        26093-31-2,
22494-42-4, Diflunisal
7-Amino-4-methylcoumarin 29679-58-1, Fenoprofen
                                                      30074-03-4,
5-(m-Hydroxyphenyl)-5-phenylhydantoin
                                        32212-61-6, 5β-Androstane-
3\alpha, 11\alpha, 17\beta-triol
                    32212-64-9, 5\alpha-Androstane-
                    32212-65-0, 5\alpha-Androstane-
3\alpha, 11\beta, 17\beta-triol
                    35836-73-8, (-)-Nopol
                                            50679-08-8,
3\beta, 11\beta, 17\beta-triol
              52485-79-7, Buprenorphine 65165-99-3, (+)-Morphine
Terfenadine
114798-26-4, Losartan
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
(Biological study); PROC (Process)
   (glucuronidation of amines and hydroxylated xenobiotics and endobiotics
   catalyzed by expressed human UDP-glucuronosyltransferase 1.4 protein
   and its response to detergents)
5786-21-0, Clozapine
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
(Biological study); PROC (Process)
   (metabolites; glucuronidation of amines and hydroxylated xenobiotics
   and endobiotics catalyzed by expressed human UDP-
   glucuronosyltransferase 1.4 protein and its response to detergents)
50-14-6, Vitamin D2 53-43-0, Dehydroepiandrosterone
67-97-0, Vitamin D3
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
```

IT

IT

(Biological study); PROC (Process)
(glucuronidation of amines and hydroxylated xenobiotics and endobiotics catalyzed by expressed human UDP-glucuronosyltransferase 1.4 protein and its response to detergents)

RN 50-14-6 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraen-3-ol, $(3\beta,5Z,7E,22E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 53-43-0 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-17-one, 3-hydroxy-, (3β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 67-97-0 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-trien-3-ol, $(3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

```
ANSWER 16 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     1995:248787 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     122:114921
     Entered STN: 17 Dec 1994
ED
     Nucleic acid transfer peptides and their use for transfecting eukaryotic
TΙ
     cells with nucleic acids
     Surovoy, Andrej; Dannull, Jens; Moelling, Karin; Jung, Guenther-Gerhard
TN
     Boehringer Mannheim GmbH, Germany
PΑ
     PCT Int. Appl., 77 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     German
LA
IC
     ICM A61K047-48
     ICS
         C12N015-78
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 34
FAN.CNT 1
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                           _____
     _____
                      ____
                            _____
                                           WO 1994-EP1147
                                                            19940413 <--
                            19941027
PΙ
     WO 9423751
                       A1
         W: AU, CA, FI, HU, JP, KR, NO, NZ, US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
     AU 9465685
                      Α1
                            19941108
                                           AU 1994-65685
                                                            19940413 <--
                                           DE 1994-4412629
                                                            19940413 <--
     DE 4412629
                       A1
                            19950126
                                           EP 1994-913594
                            19960131
                                                            19940413 <--
     EP 693939
                      Α1
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI
PRAI DE 1993-4312131
                            19930414
                            19930603 <--
     DE 1993-4318470
                            19940413 <--
     WO 1994-EP1147
     A nucleic acid transfer peptide contains: (a) a 1st ligand comprising a
AΒ
     peptide, steroid, carbohydrate, lipid, or vitamin which binds to a binding
     partner at the surface of eukaryotic cells, triggering endocytosis of the
     complex composed of the nucleic acid transfer peptide and a nucleic acid;
     (b) a 2nd ligand comprising a peptide, steroid, carbohydrate, lipid, or
     vitamin which binds to a binding partner on the outer membrane of the
     nucleus of eukaryotic cells; (c) a 3rd ligand which is a basic peptide and
     binds to nucleic acids by ion exchange. These peptides are useful for
     injecting nucleic acids into eukaryotic cells. Thus, the proliferation of
     Capan-1 human adenocarcinoma cells was inhibited by transformation with a
     mutant Ki-Ras ribozyme complexed with peptide AcRGD-1-35 (sequence given).
```

```
nucleate transfer peptide injection eukaryote cell
ST
ΙT
    Lipopeptides
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
    study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (basic; nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic
        cells with nucleic acids)
IT
    Receptors
    RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (for ligand-peptide conjugates; nucleic acid transfer
        peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with nucleic acids)
ΙT
    Estrogen receptors
    Integrins
    RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (ligands for, conjugates with basic peptides; nucleic acid
        transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with nucleic acids)
ΙT
    Immunostimulants
    Neoplasm inhibitors
    Transformation, genetic
        (nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with
       nucleic acids)
ΙT
    Deoxyribonucleic acids
    Gene
    Genetic vectors
    Nucleic acids
    Nucleopeptides
    Nucleoproteins
    Ribonucleic acids
    Ribozymes
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological
    process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use);
    BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with
        nucleic acids)
    Proteins, biological studies
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (of cell membrane; nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting
        eukaryotic cells with nucleic acids)
TΤ
    Cell nucleus
        (receptors for ligand-peptide conjugates on membrane of;
        nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with
        nucleic acids)
    Cell membrane
IT
        (receptors for ligand-peptide conjugates on; nucleic acid
        transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with nucleic acids)
ΙT
     Virus, animal
        (treatment of infection with; nucleic acid transfer peptides for
        transfecting eukaryotic cells with nucleic acids)
     Blood-group substances
IT
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (Lex, conjugates with basic peptides; nucleic acid transfer
        peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with nucleic acids)
     Glycopeptides
ΙT
```

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological

Peptides, biological studies

```
study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (basic, nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic
        cells with nucleic acids)
TΤ
     Ligands
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (conjugated, with basic peptides; nucleic acid transfer
        peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with nucleic acids)
     Androgens
IT
       Estrogens
     Fatty acids, biological studies
     Steroids, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (conjugates, with basic peptides; nucleic acid transfer
        peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with nucleic acids)
ΙT
     Organelle
        (endocytic vesicle, lysis after endocytosis; nucleic acid transfer
        peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with nucleic acids)
ΙT
     Biological transport
        (endocytosis, nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting
        eukaryotic cells with nucleic acids)
ΙT
     Receptors
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (estrogen, ligands for, conjugates with basic peptides;
        nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with
        nucleic acids)
     Therapeutics
IΤ
        (geno-, nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic
        cells with nucleic acids)
     Sialoglycoprotein receptors
ΤТ
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (gp120env, ligands for, conjugates with basic peptides;
        nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with
       nucleic acids)
ΙT
     Receptors
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (sialoglycoprotein gp120env, ligands for, conjugates with
        basic peptides; nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting
        eukaryotic cells with nucleic acids)
TT
     Gene, microbial
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological
     process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (v-myb, cDNA to; nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting
        eukaryotic cells with nucleic acids)
                   159845-56-4
                                159845-57-5
IT
     159845-55-3
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological
     process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
```

```
(nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with
        nucleic acids)
    159699-63-5P
                    160046-83-3P
                                   160046-86-6P
                                                  160046-94-6P
                                                                  160046-96-8P
IT
                    160047-00-7P
                                   160047-02-9P
                                                  160047-07-4P
                                                                  160047-08-5P
    160046-99-1P
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
    study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
    BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with
       nucleic acids)
ΙT
    57-83-0D, Pregn-4-ene-3, 20-dione, conjugates with basic peptides
    59-23-4D, Galactose, conjugates with basic peptides
    67-97-0D, Vitamin D3, conjugates with basic peptides
    506-32-1D, Arachidonic acid, conjugates with basic peptides
    3672-15-9D, Mannose 6-phosphate, conjugates with basic peptides
    11103-57-4D, Vitamin A, conjugates with basic peptides
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
    study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with
       nucleic acids)
                            129460-09-9
               35048-47-6
                                          160046-88-8
    63-42-3
TT
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with
        nucleic acids)
                    159857-00-8P
                                   159857-01-9P
                                                  159857-02-0P
                                                                  159857-03-1P
IT
    156409-40-4P
    159857-04-2P
                                   159857-06-4P
                                                  159857-07-5P
                                                                  159857-08-6P
                    159857-05-3P
                                   160046-71-9P
                                                  160047-03-0P
                                                                  160047-04-1P
    159857-09-7P
                    159990-69-9P
    160047-06-3P
    RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with
        nucleic acids)
ΙT
    67-97-0D, Vitamin D3, conjugates with basic peptides
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
    study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (nucleic acid transfer peptides for transfecting eukaryotic cells with
        nucleic acids)
```

9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-trien-3-ol, $(3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

67-97-0 HCAPLUS

NAME)

RN

CN

```
ANSWER 17 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L68
     1995:234794 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     122:23858
     Entered STN: 10 Dec 1994
ΕD
     Treatment of osteoporosis with opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme
TΙ
     inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and mixtures thereof
     D' Souza, Sharyn Mary; Ibbotson, Kenneth John
ΙN
PΑ
     Procter and Gamble Co., USA
     PCT Int. Appl., 67 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K031-00
     ICS A61K037-64; A61K037-02
     1-10 (Pharmacology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 2, 7, 63
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
     _____
                      A1
                            19940929
                                           WO 1994-US2304
                                                            19940302 <--
PΙ
     WO 9421242
           AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, FI, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LV,
             MG, MN, MW, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD, SI, SK, UA, UZ, VN
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                           AU 1994-62530
                                                            19940302 <--
     AU 9462530
                       Α1
                            19941011
PRAI US 1993-34930
                            19930319
                            19940302
     WO 1994-US2304
     MARPAT 122:23858
OS
     Osteoporosis is treated in a human or other animal subject by
AΒ
     administering a safe and effective amount of an active agent selected from
     the group consisting of opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors,
     enkephalin secretagogues, and mixts. thereof. Thiorphan inhibited
     substrate degradation by enkephalinase and stimulated proliferation of
     osteoblast-like cells. A human female subject suffering from
     postmenopausal osteoporosis was treated for 2 yr with thiorphan in a
     cyclical regimen where each cycle consisted of an active period of 28 days
     with thiorphan administration followed by a nonactive period of 28 days
     with administration of a daily supplement of calcium. A tablet and an
     i.v. injection formulation are given.
     osteoporosis treatment opioid enkephalin secretagogue; enkephalinase
ST
```

inhibitor osteoporosis treatment ΙT Estrogens RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (as nonactive agent in therapeutic composition; osteoporosis treatment with opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and mixts. thereof) Peptides, biological studies ΙT RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (enkephalin secretagogues; osteoporosis treatment with opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and mixts. thereof) ΙT Enzymes RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (opioid-degrading, inhibitors; osteoporosis treatment with opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and mixts. thereof) IT Osteoporosis Pharmaceutical dosage forms (osteoporosis treatment with opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and mixts. thereof) IT Opioids RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (osteoporosis treatment with opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and mixts. thereof) IT Enkephalins RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (secretagogues; osteoporosis treatment with opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and mixts. thereof) ΙT Estrogens RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (conjugates, as nonactive agent in therapeutic composition; osteoporosis treatment with opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and mixts. thereof) Pharmaceutical dosage forms IT (injections, i.v., osteoporosis treatment with opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and mixts. thereof) ΙT Osteoporosis (postmenopausal, osteoporosis treatment with opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and mixts. thereof) Pharmaceutical dosage forms ΙT (tablets, osteoporosis treatment with opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and mixts. thereof) Opioid receptors IT RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) $(\delta$ -, peptide binding to; osteoporosis treatment with opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU

mixts. thereof)

Receptors

IT

TΥ

IT

ΙT

TΤ

ΙT

TT

IT

ΙT

and mixts. thereof)

67-97-0, Vitamin D3 9007-12-9, Calcitonin

```
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
   (\delta-opioid, peptide binding to; osteoporosis treatment with
  opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues,
  and mixts. thereof)
Opioid receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
   (\mu-, peptide binding to; osteoporosis treatment with opioids,
  opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and
  mixts. thereof)
Receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
   (µ-opioid, peptide binding to; osteoporosis treatment with opioids,
   opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and
  mixts. thereof)
                                                      7440-70-2,
67-97-0, Vitamin D3
                      520-85-4, Medroxyprogesterone
Calcium, biological studies 9007-12-9, Calcitonin 13598-36-2D,
Phosphonic acid, alkylidenebis-derivs.
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
   (as nonactive agent in therapeutic composition; osteoporosis treatment with
   opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues,
   and mixts. thereof)
159557-51-4
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
   (enkephalin peptide; osteoporosis treatment with opioids,
   opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and
  mixts. thereof)
                          63631-40-3
61090-95-7
             63307-63-1
                                      64854-64-4
                                                    65189-64-2
             75644-90-5
                          77405-98-2
                                       77702-18-2
                                                    78123-71-4
70904-56-2
                                          123689-66-7
                                                       151371-18-5
             111035-56-4
                          114414-60-7
100111-01-1
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
   (enkephalin secretagogue; osteoporosis treatment with opioids,
   opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and
  mixts. thereof)
96098-73-6, Enkephalinase
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
   (inhibitor peptides; osteoporosis treatment with opioids,
   opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues, and
  mixts. thereof)
             81110-73-8
                          83998-04-3 93243-18-6
                                                   118867-26-8
76721-89-6
              135949-60-9
                            159557-52-5
                                          159557-53-6
                                                        159557-54-7
120377-48-2
159557-55-8
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
   (opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitor; osteoporosis treatment with
   opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues,
```

(as nonactive agent in therapeutic composition; osteoporosis treatment with opioids, opioid-degrading enzyme inhibitors, enkephalin secretagogues,

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

and mixts. thereof)

RN 67-97-0 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-trien-3-ol, $(3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 9007-12-9 HCAPLUS

CN Calcitonin (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L68 ANSWER 18 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1994:596226 HCAPLUS

DN 121:196226

ED Entered STN: 29 Oct 1994

TI The short term effects of **conjugated** estrogen on bone turnover in older women

AU Prestwood, Karen M.; Pilbeam, Carol C.; Burleson, Joseph A.; Woodiel, Florence N.; Delmas, Pierre D.; Deftos, Leonard J.; Raisz, Lawrence G.

CS Health Center, University of Connecticut, Farmington, CT, 06030, USA

SO Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism (1994), 79(2), 366-71

CODEN: JCEMAZ; ISSN: 0021-972X

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-4 (Mammalian Hormones)

Estrogen replacement therapy (ERT) prevents bone loss and fracture in early postmenopausal women, but its benefit for women over 70 yr of age has not been determined. The authors have examined the effect of a short course of ERT on biochem. markers of bone turnover in older women. Eleven women (mean age, 77 yr) were given conjugated estrogen (Premarin; 0.625 mg/day) for 6 wk. Biochem. markers were measured on serum and urine collected at baseline (2 samples), after 5 and 6 wk of ERT, and 5 and 6 wk post-ERT. Markers of bone formation were osteocalcin, bone alkaline phosphatase, and type I procollagen peptide. Markers of bone resorption were total urinary hydroxyproline, total and free pyridinoline and deoxypyridinoline cross-links, type I collagen cross-linked

N-telopeptides, and serum C-terminal cross-linked telopeptide. Data were analyzed by repeated measures multivariate anal. of variance to estimate the overall effect of ERT on the biochem. markers. Markers of bone resorption

decreased during ERT and returned to baseline after ERT. Markers of bone formation declined less during ERT and continued to decline after ERT. Evidently, ERT reduces bone turnover in older women and markers of bone turnover may be useful in assessing the response to treatment in this age group.

ST estrogen conjugate bone metab elderly woman

IT Bone

Resorption

(short-term effects of **conjugated** estrogen on bone turnover in older women)

IT Estrogens

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(conjugates, short-term effects of conjugated estrogen on bone turnover in older women)

IT Senescence

(elderly, short-term effects of **conjugated** estrogen on bone turnover in older women)

IT 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies 7723-14-0, Phosphorus, biological studies

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(short-term effects of **conjugated** estrogen on bone turnover and serum, in older women)

IT 9002-64-6, Parathormone **32222-06-3**, Calcitriol

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(short-term effects of conjugated estrogen on bone turnover and, in older women)

IT **32222-06-3**, Calcitriol

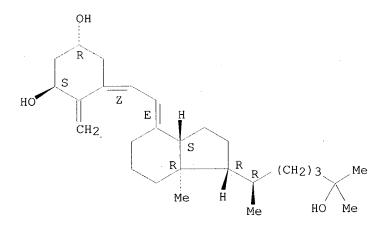
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(short-term effects of conjugated estrogen on bone turnover and, in older women)

RN 32222-06-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ -(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.



```
ANSWER 19 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L68
     1993:109737 HCAPLUS
ΑN
     118:109737
DN
     Entered STN: 19 Mar 1993
ED
TΙ
    Mineral and vitamin supplements for building bone
     Andon, Mark Benson
ΙN
     Procter and Gamble Co., USA
PA
     PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
     A61K033-06; A61K033-30; A61K033-32; A61K033-34; A61K033-59
IC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 18
FAN.CNT 1
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                      ____
     _____
                                           _____
                                                            -----
                                     WO 1992-US3995 19920515 <--
     WO 9221355
                     A1 19921210
PΤ
         W: AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CS, FI, HU, JP, KP, KR, LK, MG, MN, MW, NO,
             PL, RO, RU, SD
         RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FR, GA, GB, GN, GR, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NL, SE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 9219968
                      A1
                            19930108
                                          AU 1992-19968
                                                            19920515 <--
                       В2
     AU 666654
                            19960222
     EP 586521
                      Α1
                            19940316
                                          EP 1992-912201
                                                            19920515 <--
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                                                            19920515 <--
                                         BR 1992-6072
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                      Α
                            19941115
                                                            19920515 <---
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     HU 66379
                      Α2
                            19941128
                                           CZ 1993-2553
                                                            19920515 <--
     CZ 281823
                            19970212
                      В6
                                           CA 1992-2109958 19920515 <--
     CA 2109958
                      C
                            19970610
                                           NO 1993-4282
                                                            19931126 <--
     NO 9304282
                      Α
                            19940128
PRAI US 1991-705832
                            19910528 <--
     WO 1992-US3995
                            19920515 <---
    Mineral and vitamin supplements comprising Ca citrate malate (I), salts of
AΒ
    Mn, Cu, Zn, vitamin D or its metabolites or precursors, calcitonin,
     editronate, diphosphonate and amino-diphosphonates are useful for
     increasing bone growth and for treating age-related bone loss in humans
     and animals. The supplements which provide \geq 25% of recommended
     dietary allowance of Ca, trace minerals and vitamins, are used in addition to
     the normal diet. A tablet contained I 2000, CuSO4 6.3, ZnCl2 31.3,
     MnSO4 \cdot H2O 15.4 mg. The tablet is taken in a daily regimen with 2
     mg/kg of didronel for 6 mo.
     mineral vitamin supplement salt calcitonin; tablet calcium copper zinc
ST
     manganese
IT
     Vitamins
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (supplements containing minerals and calcitonin and, for bone growth)
     Mineral elements
TΤ
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (supplements containing vitamins and calcitonin and, for bone growth)
     Estrogens
ΙT
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (supplements containing vitamins and minerals and, for bone growth)
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
ΙT
        (capsules, of mineral and vitamin supplement, for bone growth)
     Estrogens
ΙT
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (conjugates, supplements containing vitamins and minerals and,
```

for bone growth)

IT Bone, disease

(demineralization, treatment of, supplements containing minerals and vitamins and calcitonin for) $\$

IT Menopause

(post-, treatment of, with mineral and vitamin supplements)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(tablets, of mineral and vitamin supplement, for bone growth)

IT 67-97-0, Vitamin D3 1406-16-2, Vitamin D 19356-17-3 32222-06-3 54573-75-0

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(supplements containing minerals and calcitonin and, for bone growth)

IT 2817-45-0D, Aminophosphonic acid, salts 7414-83-7 **9007-12-9**, Calcitonin

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(supplements containing minerals and vitamins and, for bone growth)

TT 527-09-3, Copper gluconate 557-04-0, Magnesium stearate 4468-02-4, Zinc gluconate 6485-39-8, Manganese gluconate 7646-85-7, Zinc chloride, biological studies 7733-02-0, Zinc sulfate 7758-98-7, Copper sulfate, biological studies 10034-96-5, Manganese sulfate monohydrate 142606-53-9

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(supplements containing vitamins and calcitonin and, for bone growth)

IT 67-97-0, Vitamin D3 19356-17-3 32222-06-3

54573-75-0

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(supplements containing minerals and calcitonin and, for bone growth)

RN 67-97-0 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-trien-3-ol, $(3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 19356-17-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-3,25-diol, $(3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 32222-06-3 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-trio1, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ -(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 54573-75-0 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secoergosta-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1,3-diol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E,22E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

9007-12-9, Calcitonin IT

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(supplements containing minerals and vitamins and, for bone growth)

9007-12-9 HCAPLUS. RN

(CA INDEX NAME) Calcitonin (9CI) CN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

ANSWER 20 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L68

1992:136245 HCAPLUS ΑN

116:136245 DN

Entered STN: 03 Apr 1992 ED

Sustained-release pharmaceutical composition containing fluorophosphate TΙ and estrogen for treating osteoporosis and hormonal imbalance

ΙN Grodberg, Marcus G.

PΑ Colgate-Palmolive Co., USA

U.S., 5 pp. CODEN: USXXAM SO

DT Patent

LA English

ICM A61K009-22 IC

ICS A61K009-26; A61K007-18; A61K033-16

514171000 NCL

63-6 (Pharmaceuticals) CC

FAN.CNT 1					
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PΙ	US 5013728	A	19910507	US 1990-519088	19900504 <
	AU 9175914	A1	19911107	AU 1991-75914	19910424 <
	AU 647111	B2	19940317		
	ZA 9103184	A	19921230	ZA 1991-3184	19910426 <
	FI 9102160	А	19911105	FI 1991-2160	19910503 <
	CA 2041799	AA	19911105	CA 1991-2041799	19910503 <
	EP 455503	A1	19911106	EP 1991-304021	19910503 <
	R: AT, E	BE, CH, DE	, DK, ES,	FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL	, SE
	BR 9101787	Ä	19911217	BR 1991-1787	19910503 <
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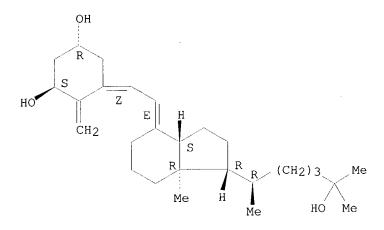
A sustained-release pharmaceutical composition for the prevention and treatment AΒ of bone loss diseases comprises Na2FPO3 (I) and an estrogen-containing substance. A sustained-release tablet contained I 76.0, Et cellulose 8.0,

```
HPMC 7.0, hydrogenated vegetable oil 1.0, Na naphthalenesulfonic
     acid-formaldehyde condensate (Tamol N) 1.0, and conjugated
     estrogen 0.5 mg.
     sustained release tablet fluorophosphate estrogen
ST
     Osteoporosis
ΙT
        (treatment of, with sustained-release composition containing
fluorophosphate and
        estrogen)
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
IT
        (capsules, sustained-release, fluorophosphate and estrogen in)
IT
     Estrogens
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (conjugates, sustained-release pharmaceutical composition containing
        fluorophosphate and)
     Bone, disease
ΙT
        (demineralization, treatment of, with sustained-release composition
containing
        fluorophosphate and estrogen)
     Estrogens
TT
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (hydroxy, esters, sustained-release pharmaceutical composition containing
        fluorophosphate and)
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
ΙT
        (lozenges, sustained-release, fluorophosphate and estrogen in)
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
IT
        (tablets, sustained-release, fluorophosphate and estrogen in)
     10163-15-2, Sodium monofluorophosphate
IT
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (sustained-release pharmaceutical composition containing estrogen and)
     7681-49-4, Sodium fluoride, biological studies
ΙT
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (sustained-release pharmaceutical composition containing estrogen and sodium
        monofluorophosphate and)
     50-28-2, Estradiol, biological studies 50-28-2D, Estradiol, derivs.
ΙT
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (sustained-release pharmaceutical composition containing fluorophosphate
and)
     67-97-0, Vitamin D3 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies
                                 9004-65-3, Hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose
     9004-57-3, Ethyl cellulose
     32222-06-3, Calcitriol
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (sustained-release pharmaceutical composition containing fluorophosphate and
        estrogen and)
     67-97-0, Vitamin D3 32222-06-3, Calcitriol
IΤ
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (sustained-release pharmaceutical composition containing fluorophosphate and
        estrogen and)
     67-97-0 HCAPLUS
RN
     9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-trien-3-ol, (3\beta,5Z,7E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX
CN
     NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry.
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Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 32222-06-3 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, (1α,3β,5Z,7E)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.



- L68 ANSWER 21 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1989:108442 HCAPLUS
- DN 110:108442
- ED Entered STN: 03 Apr 1989
- TI Effects of estrogen on circulating "free" and total 1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D and on the parathyroid-vitamin D axis in postmenopausal women
- AU Cheema, Chandan; Grant, Bill F.; Marcus, Robert
- CS Dep. Med., Stanford Univ., Palo Alto, CA, 94305, USA
- SO Journal of Clinical Investigation (1989), 83(2), 537-42 CODEN: JCINAO; ISSN: 0021-9738
- DT Journal
- LA English
- CC 2-4 (Mammalian Hormones)
- Treatment of postmenopausal women with **conjugated** estrogens at 1.25 mg/day for 30 days increased fasting total calcitriol from 38.5 to 62.3 pg/mL. This was accompanied by a rise in free calcitriol from 104.5

```
to 158.7 fg/mL. Vitamin D-binding protein increased from 348 to 428
    μg/mL, and the ratio of calcitriol/DBP increased from 1.50 to 1.94,
    confirming the rise in free calcitriol. Increases in free calcitriol and
    in calcitriol/DBP ratios were significantly correlated, r = 0.72.
    Hypocalcemia led to a rapid increase in circulating immunoreactive
    parathyroid hormone, and to a rise in calcitriol at 24 h. The
    hypocalcemia-induced rise in total and free calcitriol was similar before
    and after estrogen, whether expressed as increments or as percent changes.
    Thus, estrogen increases circulating levels of biol. active free
    calcitriol in postmenopausal women, but a 30-day period of estrogen
    administration does not apparently improve the renal 1\alpha-hydroxylase
    response to a PTH challenge.
    estrogen calcitriol postmenopause; parathyroid vitamin D menopause
    estrogen
    Estrogens
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (conjugates, calcitriol of blood plasma response to, in
       postmenopausal women, parathyroid-vitamin D axis in relation to)
    Menopause
        (post-, calcitriol of blood plasma response to conjugated
       estrogen in, in women, parathyroid-vitamin D axis in relation to)
    Proteins, specific or class RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (vitamin D-binding, of blood plasma, conjugated estrogens
        effect on, in postmenopausal women, calcitriol in relation to)
     9002-64-6, Parathormone
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (hydroxylase of kidney response to, in postmenopausal women,
        conjugated estrogen effect on, calcitriol in relation to)
     1406-16-2, Vitamin D
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (metabolism of, parathormone effect on, in postmenopausal women,
        conjugated estrogen modulation of, calcitriol in relation to)
    7440-\overline{70}-\overline{2}, Calcium, biological studies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (metabolic disorder, hypocalcemia, calcitriol and parathormone of blood
       plasma response to, in postmenopausal women, conjugated
        estrogen effect on)
    32222-06-3
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (of blood plasma, of postmenopausal women, conjugated
        estrogens effect on, parathyroid-vitamin D axis in relation to)
     9081-36-1
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (of kidney, parathormone effect on, in postmenopausal women,
        conjugated estrogen modulation of, calcitriol in relation to)
     32222-06-3
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (of blood plasma, of postmenopausal women, conjugated
        estrogens effect on, parathyroid-vitamin D axis in relation to)
     32222-06-3 HCAPLUS
     9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, (1\alpha, 3\beta, 5Z, 7E)-
            (CA INDEX NAME)
      (9CI)
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).
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ST

IT

TΤ

IT

ΙT

IT

IT

IT

IT

TΤ

RN

Double bond geometry as shown.

ANSWER 22 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1985:554411 HCAPLUS ΑN 103:154411 DN Entered STN: 16 Nov 1985 ED Estrogen and progestin effects on urinary calcium and calciotropic TIhormones in surgically-induced postmenopausal women Lobo, R. A.; Roy, S.; Shoupe, D.; Endres, D. B.; Adams, J. S.; Rude, R. AU K.; Singer, F. R. Sch. Med., Univ. Southern California, Los Angeles, CA, USA CS Hormone and Metabolic Research (1985), 17(7), 370-3 SO CODEN: HMMRA2; ISSN: 0018-5043 DT Journal English LΑ CC 2-4 (Mammalian Hormones) Seventeen surgically-induced postmenopausal (PM) women were randomized to AB. receive either 0.625 mg of conjugated estrogens (CE) daily or 150 mg of i.m. medroxyprogesterone [520-85-4] as acetate (MPA) every 3 types of treatment. Compared to controls, all PM patients had similar

receive either 0.625 mg of conjugated estrogens (CE) daily or 150 mg of i.m. medroxyprogesterone [520-85-4] as acetate (MPA) every 3 mo. Urinary Ca/creatinine ratios were higher than ratios of premenopausal controls before treatment, but were lower in all patients 2 mo after both types of treatment. Compared to controls, all PM patients had similar levels of serum parathormone and 25-hydroxyvitamin D before and after treatment. As a group PM patients had lower serum levels of 1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D [32222-06-3]. In 5 patients who had levels which were below the normal range, 3 were treated with CE and 2 received MPA. These patients all showed increases in 1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D after treatment. Serum calcitonin did not change with either CE or MPA treatment. Although both CE and MPA decreased Ca excretion in PM women, the mechanism(s) for these effects remain unsettled.

ST calcium excretion estrogen progestogen menopause

IT Menopause

(calcium of urine of women in, conjugated estrogens and medroxyprogesterone effect on)

IT Urine

(calcium of, of postmenopausal women, conjugated estrogens and medroxyprogesterone effect on)

IT Estrogens

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (conjugated, calcium of urine response to, in postmenopausal
 women)

IT Blood serum

(dihydroxyvitamin D and estradiol of, of postmenopausal women, conjugated estrogens and medroxyprogesterone effect on)

IT 520-85-4

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(calcium of urine response to, in postmenopausal women)

IT 50-28-2, biological studies 32222-06-3

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(of blood serum, of postmenopausal women, conjugated estrogens and medroxyprogesterone effect on)

IT 7440-70-2, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(of urine, of postmenopausal women, **conjugated** estrogens and medroxyprogesterone effect on)

IT 32222-06-3

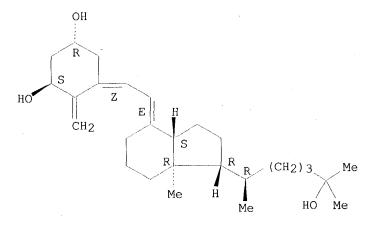
RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(of blood serum, of postmenopausal women, conjugated estrogens and medroxyprogesterone effect on)

RN 32222-06-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, $(1\alpha,3\beta,5Z,7E)$ -(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.



L68 ANSWER 23 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1980:72172 HCAPLUS

DN 92:72172

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

TI Studies on antiserums against vitamin D metabolites

AU Schmidt-Gayk, H.; Mayer, E.; Schueer, R.; Lichtwald, K.; Bouillon, R.; Clemens, T. L.

CS Clin. Chem. Lab., Med. and Surg. Univ. Clin., Heidelberg, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SO Proceedings of the Workshop on Vitamin D (1979), 4th(Vitam. D: Basic Res. Its Clin. Appl.), 233-7
CODEN: PWVDDU; ISSN: 0721-7110

DT Journal

LA English

CC 9-5 (Biochemical Methods)

AB The hemisuccinates of vitamin D3 and of 25-hydroxy-vitamin D3 were prepared and reacted with serum albumin (BSA) and thyroglobulin (BTG) to form

```
conjugates. The vitamin/protein molar ratio was much higher for
     the BTG than for the BSA conjugates; however, antiserum prepared
     to the BTG-conjugate was not satisfactory. Antiserum prepared against a 25-monosuccinate of 1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D3 (I) was more
     sensitive than the antiserum to the 3-monohemisuccinate and the former was
     used in a sequential saturation radioimmunoassay for I.
     vitamin D3 metabolite antiserum; radioimmunoassay vitamin D3 metabolite
ST
ΙT
     Antiserums
        (to vitamin D3 and metabolite conjugates)
     Albumins, blood serum
IT
       Thyroglobulins
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (vitamin D3 and metabolite hemisuccinate reactions with, in antiserum
        preparation)
ΙT
     67843-85-0D, conjugates
     RL: ANST (Analytical study)
        (antiserums to)
     32511-63-0
ΙT
     RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
        (determination of, antiserum for)
     1406-16-2D, metabolites
ΙT
     RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
        (determination of, antiserums for)
     64889-68-5P
IT
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of and protein conjugate formation by, in antiserum
        preparation)
ΙT
     69511-19-9P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of, and protein reaction with, in antiserum preparation)
TΤ
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with succinic anhydride and protein conjugates,
        and antiserums to)
TT
     108-30-5, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with vitamin D3 and metabolites, in antiserum preparation)
ΙT
     32511-63-0
     RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
        (determination of, antiserum for)
     32511-63-0 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1,3,25-triol, (3\beta,52,7E)- (9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry.
```

Double bond geometry as shown.

IT 67-97-0

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with succinic anhydride and protein conjugates,
 and antiserums to)

RN 67-97-0 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-trien-3-ol, $(3\beta,5Z,7E)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.